

## SKANSKA – SIX MONTH REPORT, 1999

#### STRONG GROWTH AND MAJOR EARNINGS IMPROVEMENT

- Order bookings rose by 18 percent to SEK 47,184 M (39,882)
- Net sales rose by 41 percent to SEK 37,244 M (26,339)
- Operating income rose to SEK 4,872 M (2,386)
- Income after financial items rose to SEK 4,934 M (3,011)
- Gross income from business operations more than doubled to SEK 901 M (434)
- Net investments in project development increased to SEK 1,568 M (-366)
- Sale of shares in Scancem completed with a capital gain of SEK 3,280 M

"The trend during the first half of 1999 was very favorable, both in our construction operations and project development work. Our greater focus on core business and the restructuring we have implemented are thus yielding continued good results," says Skanska President and CEO Claes Björk in a comment to the six month report.

"In construction operations, we had strong revenue growth, and our overall earnings and operating margin both increased significantly – with an especially pleasing trend in the United States, Sweden and Finland. By acquiring the Argentine-based SADE and two American construction companies, the Gottlieb Group and Etkin, we also further strengthened our international market base."

"Demand for commercial space, offices and housing remained very strong, and conditions for developing new projects were therefore very good in the markets on which we focus. During the first half, we began two additional major projects. Given an expected yield of 11 percent, we expect our ongoing projects to show good returns.

"The outlook in our main markets is favourable. We anticipate a continued positive income trend during the second half of 1999, consistent with the trend during the first six months."

Stockholm, August 30, 1999

Skanska AB

For additional information, contact:

Staffan Schéle, Investor Relations Erik von Hofsten, Investor Relations tel +46 8 753 82 72 tel +46 8 753 86 82

Attached: Skanska's interim report for January-June 1999

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# SKANSKA GROUP

## SIX MONTH REPORT, JANUARY – JUNE, 1999

Six month highlights							
(SEK M)	1999	1998					
Net sales	37 244	26 339					
Gross income	901	434					
Operating income	4 872	2 386					
Income after financial items	4 934	3 011					
Operating margin in construction %	2.3	1.6					
Return on capital employed % <sup>1)</sup>	29.1	14.5					
Net profit per share, SEK 1)	34.9	13.8					
Investments	5 229	1 837					
Order backlog	86 383	63 780					

<sup>1)</sup> Calculated on a 12 month rolling basis

The Group's overall volume and earnings trend was very favorable during the first half of 1999.

Order bookings rose by 18 percent, while order backlog on June 30, 1999 was 35 percent larger than on the same date last year and the highest ever in the Group's history.

Net sales rose by 41 percent, while gross income from operations more than doubled. On the whole, both income and operating margins improved in construction operations, with especially good growth at Skanska USA and Skanska Sweden. There was also continued very favorable growth in Finnish construction operations.

As part of the strategy established by the Group, investments in core businesses rose substantially compared to last year. These investments were mainly related to project development and acquisitions of companies. The profitability of ongoing projects is expected to be very good. By means of acquisitions, the Group has further strengthened the international base for its operations and growth.

The Group sold its shareholding in the international building materials group Scancem during the report period with a capital gain of SEK 3,280 M.

ORDER BOOKINGS AND BACKLOG



The Group's order bookings for the first half of 1999 rose by 18 percent to SEK 47,184 M (39,882), of which operations outside Sweden accounted for 77 percent (71). Of the increase, about SEK 1,300 M was attributable to currency rate effects. For comparable units, order bookings rose by 4 percent. During the first half of 1998, Skanska landed a major contract related to a new rail link to John F. Kennedy International Airport in New York City, worth about SEK 5 billion, which affects the comparisson between the periods.

At the end of the report period, order backlog stood at SEK 86,383 M (63,780). Of this, 85 percent (80) was related to operations outside Sweden. Of the increase, about SEK 3,600 M was attributable to currency rate effects. For comparable units, order backlog increased by 21 percent, compared to the close of the same period last year.

#### **NET SALES AND EARNINGS**

The Group's net sales rose by 41 percent to SEK 37,244 M (26,339), of which 72 percent (67) consisted of net sales in markets outside Sweden. Of the increase, about 1,000 M was attributable to currency rate effects and SEK 3,499 M to the net sales of businesses acquired during the year. For comparable units, the increase in net sales was 28 percent.

Gross income more than doubled to SEK 901 M (434). For comparable units, gross income rose to SEK 603 M (434), with especially favorable growth in the United States, Sweden and Finland.

Operating income amounted to SEK 4,872 M (2,386), of which SEK 485 M (136) consisted of Skanska's share of income in associated companies and SEK 206 M (726) of gains on the sale of properties. Operating income also included items affecting comparability totaling SEK 3,280 M (1,090) related to a gain on the sale of shares in Scancem. Operating income included SEK 102 M

from businesses acquired during the period.

Income after financial items amounted to SEK 4,934 M (3,011). This included SEK 27 M (646) in capital gains on shares sold. Increased indebtedness affected net interest items, which amounted to SEK -184 M (-83).

#### TWELVE-MONTH ROLLING EARNINGS

For the twelve months ending June 30, 1999, net profit per share was SEK 34.90 (13.80). Return on capital employed amounted to 29.1 percent (14.5) and return on shareholders' equity was 28.8 percent (11.4). Excluding items affecting comparability and capital gains on the divestment of shares, return on capital employed was 16.0 percent (12.1).

#### **INVESTMENTS**

In keeping with the overall strategy of the Group, investments in core businesses increased during the first half of 1999.

During the first half of 1999, the Group's gross investments amounted to SEK 5,229 M (1,837), almost tripling compared to the same period last year. The increase included both project development investments and acquisitions of

Investments, SEK M	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
Investments	1999	1998
Properties in real estate operations	-1,525	-576
Current-asset properties	-1,558	-339
Acquisitions of subsidiaries	-1,318	-424
Other fixed assets	-828	-498
	-5,229	-1,837
Divestments		
Properties in real estate operations	593	1,072
Current-asset properties	922	209
Financial assets	8,300	1,332
Other divestments	105	717
	9,920	3,330
Net divestments	4,691	1,493



companies.

Meanwhile, divestment of non-core assets continued, mainly through the sale of the Group's shares in Scancem. Investments and divestments during the period are specified in the table on page 2.

#### Project development

The market for development of new projects remained very strong during the first half of 1999, and the Group's gross investments in project development more than tripled to SEK 3,083 M (915) during the period. This included projects in Skanska's real estate operations, which take place mainly in the Project Development and Real Estate business area, as well as current-asset properties, in which the other business areas are involved. Most investments are related to projects in Sweden and Finland. The Group currently has about 7 000 residential units under construction in the Nordic countries, of which about half in own project development, making it a leading residential builder in the Nordic region.

In keeping with the Group's business strategy, fully developed properties and projects worth a total of SEK 1,515 M (1,281) were sold at a gain of SEK 412 M (783). As a result, net investments in project development amounted to SEK 1,568 M (-366).

#### **Acquisitions**

During the second quarter, the Skanska Group further strengthened its position in the United States by acquiring two American construction companies, the Gottlieb Group and Alex J. Etkin Inc. Acquisitions earlier in the year included the Argentine-based construction company SADE.

Gottlieb is based in New York and specializes in various types of infrastructure projects, such as water treatment and wastewater plants and subway stations. Last year the company reported sales of USD 44 M (about SEK 360 M) and an operating income amounting to USD 3 M (about

SEK 24 M). The purchase price amounted to USD 10.6 M (about SEK 90 M). Etkin, based in Detroit, Michigan, and also with operations in Colorado, specializes in various types of building construction work. Last year the company reported sales of USD 317 M (about SEK 2,600 M) and operating income amounting to more than USD 5 M (about SEK 41 M). The

purchase price was USD 13 M (about SEK 109

M).

The acquisition of 70 percent of the shares in Karl Steiner Holding AG was delayed due to regulatory approval issues but is expected to be completed as of September 30.

#### CASH FLOW AND FINANCIAL POSITION

The Group's cash flow for the period totaled SEK -413 M (239) and is specified in the table below. Because of the strong seasonal variation in construction activity, cash flow from operations is

Cash flow	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
	1999	1998
From business operations	421	999
Taxes	-221	-156
From business operations,	200	843
net		
Net divestments	4,691	1,493
Of which not affecting cash		
flow	-7,979	
Changes in receivables	-9	-1,305
Taxes	-681	-2,339
From investment operations,		
net	-3,978	-2,151
From financial operations ,	3,365	1,547
net		
Cash flow for the period	-413	239



considerably stronger during the second half of the year than during the first.

Liquid assets and interest-bearing receivables decreased during the period by a total of SEK 515 M to SEK 5,362 M (5,877). Interest-bearing loan liabilities, including pension liabilities, increased by SEK 5,289 M to SEK 13,684 M (7,855). Interest-bearing net indebtedness rose to SEK 8,322 M (Dec. 31, 1998: 1,978), primarily as an effect of heavier investments in project development and acquisitions of companies.

The consolidated balance sheet on June 30, 1999 reports the proceeds from the sale of shares in Scancem, totaling SEK 8,520 M, under "Non-interest-bearing receivables." The proceeds were paid in their entirety on July 26 and were used in part to reduce loan liabilities.

At the end of the report period, the visible equity/assets ratio of the Group was 27.5 percent (Dec. 31, 1998: 30.7).

#### **SHARES IN LISTED COMPANIES**

The market value of the Group's shareholdings in stock exchange-listed companies totaled SEK 4,268 M on June 30, 1999, with a book value amounting to SEK 2,122 M. On August 26, 1999, their market value amounted to SEK 4,633 M.

During the second quarter, the Group sold its shareholding in Scancem (see comment below) and in the OM Group, the latter with a capital gain of SEK 27 M.

#### SALE OF SHARES IN SCANCEM

Early in the second quarter of 1999, the Skanska Group signed a binding agreement concerning the sale of all of its shares in Scancem to the Germanbased Heidelberger Zement Group. The proceeds of this sale amounted to SEK 8,520 M and the reported capital gain on the sale amounted to SEK 3,280 M before taxes. Consolidated operating income for the first half of 1999 also included the Group's share of income in Scancem related to the first quarter, amounting to SEK 341 M (before taxes), plus a dividend of SEK 259 M (before tax) from Scancem. The capital gain for tax purposes was SEK 882 M higher than the capital gain reported in the consolidated financial statements.

#### SKANSKA SHARE DATA

The market price of a Skanska share at the end of the report period was SEK 320,50 (latest paid), an increase of 42,4 percent from the beginning of 1999. During the same period, the General Index rose by 17,3 percent. At the end of the report period, Skanska's market capitalization was about SEK 36,4 billion. On August 26, 1999, the price of a Skanska share was SEK 328.50.

#### **PERSONNEL**

The average number of employees in the Group during the period was 46,194 (Dec. 31, 1998: 39,246). This included 15,502 (14,966) employees in Sweden. The increase was mainly explained by the acquisition of the Argentine-based construction company SADE.

#### YEAR 2000 READINESS DISCLOSURE

During the report period, the task of inventorying risks and remedying any safety and security shortcomings related to the coming change of



millennium proceeded as planned. Emergency plans have been worked out in the event that disruptions should nevertheless occur.

#### RESULTS BY BUSINESS AREA

#### SKANSKA SWEDEN

Construction investments in Sweden are rising, especially investments in housing as well as office buildings and other types of commercial space. In light of low interest rates and declining vacancy levels, this increase is expected to continue. The market in the civil construction sector remains good.

Skanska Sweden's order bookings rose by 11 percent to SEK 11,593 M (10,456). The increase was mainly due to construction of commercial and residential buildings. Exports of heavy civil engineering projects also rose strongly compared to 1998. Order backlog at the end of the report period amounted to SEK 14,801 M (14,557).

Net sales rose by 17 percent to SEK 10,848 M (9,256), and operating income increased to SEK 320 M (195). Operating margin thus improved to 2.9 percent (2.1). The main reasons behind the improvement in earnings were a higher volume of project development work along with lower overhead. Operating income included project development gains of SEK 116 M (19).

The last bridge section of the Öresund Link between Sweden and Denmark was lowered into place on August 14. The construction consortiumled by Skanska expects to hand over the project on July 1, 2000, which is ahead of the original schedule.

#### SKANSKA EUROPE

Construction operations

The Finnish and Danish construction markets remained very strong during the first half of 1999. In Warsaw, Poland; Prague, Czech Republic; and Budapest, Hungary, there was good demand for

modern office space. In Russia, political and economic uncertainty adversely affected the market situation.

Order bookings in Skanska Europe's construction operations rose by 17 percent to SEK 7,176 M (6,150). Order backlog at the end of the period amounted to SEK 10,756 M (10,056).

Net sales advanced by 60 percent to SEK 6,909 M (4,312), while operating income rose to SEK 75 M (55). Operating margin amounted to 1.1 percent (1.3). The trend of earnings in Finnish operations was very good during the first half of 1999. In project development work, a build-up of the portfolio is currently underway, with an expected favorable impact on earnings as projects are completed and sold. Operating income included SEK 60 M (38) in project development gains.

Component and service operations
Increased building construction in Sweden and
other Nordic countries is helping to strengthen the
demand for the business area's flooring and
window component products.

The order bookings of Skanska Europe's component operations rose by a total of 22 percent to SEK 3,432 M (2,817). Order backlog at the end of the period was SEK 965 M (703).

Net sales rose by 22 percent to 3,305 M (2,703), while operating income rose to SEK 105 M (44). The operating margin thus improved to 3.2 percent (1.6). Operating income includes SEK 37 M in income from units acquired during the period.

Skanska has begun a process aimed at phasing out its ownership interest in the component companies in Skanska Europe.

#### SKANSKA USA

The U.S. construction market remained strong during the first half of 1999. The acquisition of



Gottlieb and Etkin further strengthened Skanska's position in the American market.

Skanska USA's order bookings rose by 22 percent to SEK 24,983 M (20,459). Most of the increase was related to building construction operations.

Order backlog at the close of the report period totaled SEK 59,861 M (38,464), of which about 73 percent (67) consisted of building construction assignments. Since the end of 1998, order backlog has increased by 39 percent.

Net sales climbed by 64 percent to SEK 16,449 M (10,010). Operating income rose to SEK 394 M (134) and operating margin improved to 2.4 percent (1.3). For comparable units, operating income more than doubled to SEK 332 M (134). The significant improvement in the operating margin of the business area was due to an improvement in the margin of civil construction and the fact that the proportion of civil work in the business area's construction mix was higher than last year.

# SKANSKA PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND REAL ESTATE

The demand for office and commercial space in the Stockholm, Gothenburg and Malmö metropolitan regions of Sweden, where most of Skanska's properties are located, was good during the first half of 1999. This contributed to higher market rent levels, while the occupancy rate remained high.

Operating income in the business area's property management improved to SEK 297 M (252). Aside from higher rent levels, lower costs for adapting premises to tenant requirements, as well as for maintenance, contributed to the improvement.

The prospects for developing new real estate projects remained very good during the first half of 1999. Two new projects began during the period, one of them in Copenhagen, Denmark and one in Stockholm, with a total investment volume of SEK 300 M. The business area currently has seventeen

major projects underway. Of these, fifteen are in Sweden and two in other markets abroad. About two thirds of the investment volume relates to projects in the Stockholm region. Major ongoing projects include the new headquarters of the Electrolux appliance group (which was inaugurated in August 1999) in Stockholm as well as office buildings for the Ericsson-Hewlett Packard telecommunications software company in Stockholm and Gothenburg.

Nearly 80 percent of the approximately 240,000 sq m (2.58 million sq ft) of space now under construction is pre-leased. The book value after completion is estimated at about SEK 3 billion and the expected yield in these projects amounts to about 11 percent. Given current interest rates and return requirements in the real estate market, this indicates that the projects underway have substantial surplus value.

During the first half of 1999, the business area's sales of projects and fully developed properties totaled SEK 636 M, with a capital gain totaling SEK 317 M (661).

#### **OUTLOOK FOR THE REST OF 1999**

On the whole, the outlook is favorable in the Group's main markets. During the second half of 1999, a continued positive trend in income from operations is expected, consistent with the trend during the first half.

Stockholm, August 30, 1999

Skanska AB

Claes Björk

President and CEO

This half year report has not been subjected to separate examination by the Company's auditors.



#### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Comparative figures for 1998 and rolling 12-month figures are based on pro forma accounting.

#### SKANSKA GROUP

SIERIORI GROCI							
INCOME STATEMENT SEK M		Apr-Jun 1999	Apr-Jun 1998	Jan-Jun 1999	Jan-Jun 1998	Jul 98 - Jun 99	Jan-Dec 1998
Net sales		21 756	14 568	37 244	26 339	73 340	62 435
Operating expenses <sup>1</sup>		-21 004	-14 184	-36 343	-25 905	-71 466	-61 028
Gross income <sup>2</sup>		752	384	901	434	1 874	1 407
Share of income in associated companies		110	6	485	136	1 033	684
Items affecting comparability <sup>3</sup>		3 280	1 090	3 280	1 090	3 223	1 033
Writedowns/reversals of writedowns		0	0	0	0	-14	-14
Gain on sale of properties		-4	233	206	726	746	1 266
Operating income		4 138	1 713	4 872	2 386	6 862	4 376
Dividends		281	57	282	57	282	57
Net interest items		-106	-85	-184	-83	-298	-197
Gain on sale of shares and participations		27	0	27	646	27	646
Other financial items		-86	3	-63	5	-125	-57
		116	-25	62	625	-114	449
Income after financial items		4 254	1 688	4 9 3 4	3 011	6 748	4 825
Taxes		-1 625	-741	-1 870	-1 146	-2 689	-1 965
Minority interests		-10	-9	-33	-29	-82	-78
Net profit for the period		2 619	938	3 031	1 836	3 977	2 782
CASH FLOW <sup>4</sup>		Apr-Jun	Apr-Jun	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	Jul 98 -	Jan-Dec
SEK M		1999	1998	1999	1998	Jun 99	1998
Cash flow from business operations		180	621	200	843	1 704	2 347
Cash flow from investment operations		-2 281	-732	-3 978	-2 151	-4 413	-2 586
Cash flow from financial operations		2 302	-212	3 365	1 547	2 939	1 121
Cash flow for the period		201	-323	-413	239	230	882
BALANCE SHEET							
SEK M ASSETS	Jun 30, 99	Dec 31, 98	SHAREH	EQUITY & I	LIABILITIES	Jun 30, 99	Dec 31, 98
Properties in real estate operations	9 730	8 597	Shareholde			15 133	13 5 1 9
Shares and participations	2 471	7 157	Minority in			272	271
Other fixed assets	7 763	6 773	Interest-bea	aring liabilitie	s & provisions	13 684	7 855
Interest-bearing receivables	2 305	2 372	Non-intbe	earing liabilitie	es & provisions	26 911	23 238
Non-interest bearing receivables	27 516	13 876					
Current-asset properties Bank balances & short-t investm.	3 158	2 603					
Bank balances & snort-t investm.	3 057 <b>56 000</b>	3 505 44 883				56 000	44 883
	20000					_ 5 000	
FINANCIAL RATIOS ETC. 5			Jun 30, 99	Jun 30, 98	Dec 31, 98		
Int-bearing net debt, SEK M			8 322	1 927	1 978		
Net profit per share, SEK 6 7			34.9	13.8	24.4		

Ditto, adjusted for items affecting comparability

Return on shareholders 'equity, % <sup>6</sup>

Return on capital employed,  $\%^{\phantom{0}6}$ 

and sales of shares,  $\%^{\phantom{0}6}$ 

Equity per share, SEK 7

Equity/assets ratio, % Debt/equity ratio

27.5

0.5

28.8

29.1

16.0

132.9

29.8

0.2

11.4

14.5

12.1

109.4

30.7

0.1

22.0

27.0

18.3

118.7

<sup>1)</sup> Of which, depreciation Jan-Jun 1999: SEK -710 M, Jan-Jun 1998: SEK -577 M

<sup>2)</sup> Of which gain on sale of curren-asset properties Jan-Jun 1999: SEK 206 M: Jan-Jun 1998: SEK 57 M: Jan-Dec 1998: SEK 286 M

<sup>3)</sup> For 1999; income from sale of Scancem shares

<sup>4)</sup> Statement of changes in financial position (cash flow) has been prepared in compliance with recommendation RR7 of the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council.
5) The definitions of the financial ratios can be found in the Annual Report for 1998
6) The calculation is based on rolling 12-month periods.
7) Total number of shares: 113,854,968



#### BUSINESS AREAS IN BRIEF

#### NET SALES, OPERATING INCOME AND INCOME AFTER FINANCIAL ITEMS

	Jan-Jun	1999	Jan-Jun	1998	Jul 1998 - J	un 1999	1998	3
SEK M	Net In sales	ncome after financial items						
Sweden	10 848	322	9 256	199	22 710	656	21 118	533
Europe	10 214	80	7 015	43	20 659	275	17 460	238
USA	16 449	411	10 010	158	30 511	701	24 072	448
Proj. Dev. and Real Estate	623	453	645	733	1 243	1 095	1 265	1 375
	38 134	1 266	26 926	1 133	75 123	2 727	63 915	2 594
Stock portfolio management		309		703		309		703
Items affecting comparability		3 280		1 090		3 223		1 033
Listed associated companies		469		129		1 001		661
Other and eliminations	-890	-390	-587	-44	-1 783	-512	-1 480	-166
Total	37 244	4 934	26 339	3 011	73 340	6 748	62 435	4 825

#### ORDER BOOKINGS AND ORDER BACKLOG

	Jan-Jun 1999		Jan-Jun 1998		Jul 1998 - Jun 1999		1998	
	Order	Order	Order	Order	Order	Order	Order	Order
SEK M	bookings	backlog	bookings	backlog	bookings	backlog	bookings	backlog
Sweden	11 593	14 801	10 456	14 557	22 495	14 801	21 358	13 696
Europe	10 608	11721	8 967	10 759	19 197	11 721	17 556	11 125
USA	24 983	59 861	20 459	38 464	42 993	59 861	38 469	43 050
Total	47 184	86 383	39 882	63 780	84 685	86 383	77 383	67 871

In this Six Month Report, cash flow is reported according to the new recommendation of the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council. Internal order bookings and net sales within a business area are eliminated at the business area level (all internal sales were previously eliminated only at the group level, while order bookings between companies in the same business area were previously not eliminated). Comparative figures for previous periods have been adjusted to reflect these changes. Following the distribution of Drott and reclassification of JM from subsidiary to an associated company in 1998, the accounts for 1998 are shown proforma as if the changes had occured on January 1, 1998. All historic figures are based on proforma accounting. Following a change in application of accounting principles, acquired companies are consolidated and divested companies deconsolidated on the date of the acquisition or divestment. Previously, acquired companies were consolidated and divested companies deconsolidated effective January 1 in the year the acquisition/divestment occured. Comparable figures are adjusted to reflect this change.



### Skanska Sweden

Building Construction	Jan -	Jun	Jul-98-	Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	6 823	5 337	13 131	11 645
Operating income	215	121	191	97
Operating margin	3.2%	2.3%	1.5%	0.8%
Return on capital employed			9.2%	5.6%
Order bookings	6 741	6 494	13 739	13 492
Order backlog	7 489	6 303	7 489	7 210

Civil Construction	Jan -	Jan - Jun		Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	4 025	3 919	9 579	9 473
Operating income	105	74	430	399
Operating margin Return on capital employed	2.6%	1.9%	4.5% 26.9%	4.2% 28.1%
Return on capital employed			20.976	20.170
Order bookings	4 852	3 962	8 756	7 866
Order backlog	7 312	8 254	7 312	6 486

Skanska Sweden, total	Jan -	Jan - Jun		Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	10 848	9 256	22 710	21 118
Operating income	320	195	621	496
Operating margin	2.9%	2.1%	2.7%	2.3%
Return on capital employed			16.9%	15.3%
Order bookings	11 593	10 456	22 495	21 358
Order backlog	14 801	14 557	14 801	13 696

Skanska Sweden includes Skanska's building and civil construction operations in Sweden, the Group's building-related industrial operations with their market mainly in Sweden as well as project exports related to civil construction.



#### Skanska Europe

Construction	Jan - J	lun	Jul-98-	Jan-Dec	
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998	
Net sales	6 909	4 312	14 278	11 681	
Operating income	75	55	197	177	
Operating margin	1.1%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	
Return on capital employed			10.1%	12.3%	
Order bookings	7 176	6 150	12 729	11 703	
Order backlog	10 756	10 056	10 756	10 356	

Components & Services	Jan - J	un	Jul-98-	Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	3 305	2 703	6 381	5 779
Operating income	105	44	254	193
Operating margin	3.2%	1.6%	4.0%	3.3%
Return on capital employed			6.0%	5.1%
Ditto, excl. depreciation of goodwill			11.2%	10.9%
Order bookings	3 432	2 817	6 468	5 853
Order backlog	965	703	965	769

Skanska Europe, total	Jan -	Jun	Jul-98-	Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	10 214	7 015	20 659	17 460
Operating income	180	99	451	370
Operating margin	1.8%	1.4%	2.2%	2.1%
Return on capital employed			7.3%	7.1%
Order bookings	10 608	8 967	19 197	17 556
Order backlog	11 721	10 759	11 721	11 125

Skanska Europe includes the Group's building and civil construction operations in Europe (except Sweden), project development and project management in building construction outside Sweden as well as the Group's building component operations (Poggenpohl, Nybron incl. Kährs, Essmann and ElitFönster), most of them with markets mainly outside Sweden.



## Skanska USA

Building construction	Jan - Jun		Jul-98-	Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	11 411	8 164	22 804	19 557
Operating income	140	79	275	214
Operating margin	1.2%	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%
Return on capital employed			39.6%	39.1%
Order bookings	20 418	13 158	36 654	29 394
Order backlog	43 541	25 672	43 541	31 025

Civil Construction	Jan - Jun		Jul-98-	Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	5 038	1 846	7 707	4 515
Operating income	254	55	383	184
Operating margin	5.0%	3.0%	5.0%	4.1%
Return on capital employed			36.5%	32.0%
Order bookings	4 565	7 301	6 339	9 075
Order backlog	16 320	12 792	16 320	12 025

Skanska USA, total	Jan -	Jun	Jul-98-	Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Net sales	16 449	10 010	30 511	24 072
Operating income	394	134	658	398
Operating margin	2.4%	1.3%	2.2%	1.7%
Return on capital employed			37.8%	35.6%
Order bookings	24 983	20 459	42 993	38 469
Order backlog	59 861	38 464	59 861	43 050

Skanska USA includes the Group's building and civil construction operations in the United States, as well as the Argentine-based subsidiary SADE.



Skanska Project Development and Real Estate

Skanska i roject Development and Ke	Jan - J	un	Jul-98-	Jan-Dec
SEK M	1999	1998	jun-99	1998
Income fr oper, property management	297	252	600	555
Income fr oper, project development	-37	-70	-104	-137
Gain on sale of properties & reval.	317	661	823	1 167
Operating income	577	843	1 319	1 585
Investment properties, key data				
Rental revenues	583	619	1 167	1 203
Operating net	369	324	740	695
Book value	7 048	6 502	7 048	6 359
Occupancy rate (space; %)	89	91		90
Occupancy rate (rent; %)	92	94		93
Operating net, margin (%)	63	52	63	58
Yield (%)			10.5	10.9

Skanska's Project Development and Real Estate includes the development and management of the Group's real estate holdings, as well as the development of new projects in the fields of real estate and privately financed infrastructure projects (Build-Own/Operate-Transfer) projects.