EXEL OYJ'S Q4 PERFORMANCE AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BULLETIN 2005
Summary

- Net sales for the financial year increased to EUR 91.3 (83.9) million or 8.9\% over the previous year
- Net sales in Q4 were EUR 21.9 (19.8) million
- Operating profit for the financial year was EUR 12.4 (13.7) million, down $9.6 \%$ over the previous year, representing $13.6 \%$ (16.3\%) of net sales
- Operating profit in Q4 was EUR 2.2 (3.3) million, representing 9.9\% (16.8\%) of net sales
- Earnings per share were EUR 0.76 (0.80) adjusted for full dilution
- Net interest-bearing liabilities increased to 8.2 (7.4) million, whilst net gearing improved to 30.2\% (36.0\%)
- Industrial profiles market very active
- Industry Division experienced excellent growth in operating profit in 2005, up 37.8\% to EUR 10.8 (7.8) million as a result of increased volumes and improved efficiency
- Operating profit in Sport Division decreased to EUR 1.6 (5.9) million as a result of increased competition and oversupply in the Nordic Walking segment in the Central European markets
- The Board of Directors proposes to increase the dividend to EUR 0.40 (0.35) per share
- Exel becomes the world's first global pultrusion company by acquiring Pacific Composites

CONSOLIDATED KEY FIGURES, EUR million

| EUR million | $\begin{array}{r} 1.10 . \quad- \\ 31.12 . \\ 2005 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.10 . \quad- \\ 31.12 . \\ 2004 \end{array}$ | Change \% | $\begin{array}{r} 1.1 . \quad- \\ 31.12 . \\ 2005 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.1 . \quad- \\ 31.12 . \\ 2004 \end{array}$ | Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 21.9 | 19.8 | 11.0\% | 91.3 | 83.9 | 8.9\% |
| Operating profit | 2.2 | 3.3 | -34.5\% | 12.4 | 13.7 | -9.6\% |
| \% of net sales | 9.9\% | 16.8\% |  | 13.6\% | 16.3\% |  |
| Profit for the period | 1.7 | 2.3 | -23.7\% | 8.9 | 9.1 | -2.5\% |
| Equity | 27.0 | 20.7 | 30.6\% | 27.0 | 20.7 | 30.6\% |
| Net interestbearing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| liabilities | 8.2 | 7.4 | 9.8\% | 8.2 | 7.4 | 9.8\% |
| Invested capital | 41.0 | 33.3 | 23.2 \% | 41.0 | 33.3 | 23.2\% |
| Return on equity, \% | 26.8\% | 47.6\% |  | 37.3\% | 47.8\% |  |
| Return on investment, \% | 21.3\% | 39.9\% |  | 34.0\% | 45. 2\% |  |
| Solvency ratio, \% | 50.0\% | 44.9\% |  | 50.0\% | 44.9\% |  |
| Net gearing, \% | 30.2\% | 36.0\% |  | 30.2\% | 36.0\% |  |


| Earnings per <br> share, EUR <br> Earnings per <br> share (diluted), | 0.15 | 0.20 | $-26.2 \%$ | 0.78 | 0.84 | $-6.0 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EUR <br> Equity per share, <br> EUR | 0.14 | 0.19 | $-26.3 \%$ | 0.76 | 0.80 | $-5.0 \%$ |

## IFRS REPORTING

Exel has applied IFRS reporting since the beginning of 2005, and this interim report has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of IFRS. The reconciliation statement for the opening IFRS balance sheet for 2004 was presented in the financial statements bulletin released on 24 February 2005. The effects of IFRS transition on 2004 financial statements on a quarterly basis were explained in more detail in a stock exchange release published on 3 May 2005. In the present interim report, the figures published on that occasion have been used as comparative information.

Q4 1 October-31 December 2005
Net sales
Net sales for the Exel Group increased in the last quarter of 2005 by $11.0 \%$ to EUR 21.9 (19.8) million. The Industry Division accounted for $68.7 \%$ or EUR 15.1 (11.7) million of Group net sales in Q4 and the Sport Division for $31.3 \%$ or EUR 6.9 (8.1) million.

The Industry Division continued to experience strong growth in the last quarter, increasing net sales by $29.0 \%$. The Sport Division, however, suffered from weak demand for Nordic Walking poles in the Central European markets in the second half of the year, which could be seen in the number of deliveries in the last quarter. The primary reason for lower sales in this area was excessive supply among retailers, who made a big effort to sell off stocks. Consequently, net sales for the Sport Division decreased in the last quarter by $15.0 \%$.

Profit
The Exel Group's operating profit decreased in the last quarter by $34.5 \%$ to EUR 2.2 (3.3) million. The comparative figures for the last quarter in 2004 include the positive effect of a one-time release of pension provisions of EUR 471 thousand due to the transfer of employee disability pensions to a payment-based system.

Operating profit for the Industry Division in the last quarter of 2005 increased by $39.1 \%$ to EUR 3.2 (2.3) million. Operating profit for the Sport Division was negative at EUR -1.1 (+1.0) million.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 1 January-31 December 2005
NET SALES

Net sales for the Exel Group grew in 2005, ending the year at EUR 91.3 (83.9) million. This represents growth on the previous year of 8.9\%. The share of net sales from exports and international operations was 85\%.

The Group's main line of business, the Industry Division, experienced strong growth; net sales for 2005 amounted to EUR 56.8 (48.3) million, an increase of $17.5 \%$. The majority of this growth was organic and resulted from an increase in demand for new and existing customer applications. The inclusion of the Austrian subsidiary Faserprofil as of April 2005 increased net sales for the Industry Division by EUR 3.1 million. The Industry Division accounted for $62.2 \%$ of total Group sales.

Net sales for the Sport Division in 2005 fell by $2.9 \%$ from the previous year to EUR 34.5 (35.5) million. The Sport Division accounted for $37.8 \%$ of total Group sales. The market for Nordic Walking products in Central Europe stagnated towards the end of the year. New markets are still in the process of being commercialised. Floorball products and laminates sales both grew over 10\%.

PROFIT
Operating profit for the Exel Group in 2005 fell by $9.6 \%$ to EUR 12.4 (13.7) million but remained at a good level. Operating profit represented $13.6 \%$ (16.3\%) of net sales.

Operating profit for the Industry Division continued to improve clearly from the previous year to EUR 10.8 (7.8) million. Increased volumes, improved efficiency and stringent cost control are the main reasons behind this improvement.

Operating profit for the Sport Division fell noticeably short of the previous year, amounting to EUR 1.6 (5.9) million. During 2005 the organisation of the Sports Division was strengthened, and major investments were undertaken in opening new markets (North America, Far East, new European countries). These investments, combined with increased competition and oversupply in the main Central European markets affected profit negatively.

The availability of carbon fibre was exceptionally scarce throughout 2005. The lack of supply also increased raw material price levels, although it was possible to transfer some of the increase to product prices.

The Group's net financial expenses in 2005 were EUR 342 (467) thousand. The Group's profit before taxes was EUR 12.0 (13.2) million and profit for the financial year EUR 8.9 (9.1) million.

## BALANCE SHEET AND FINANCIAL POSITION

The consolidated balance sheet total at the end of the financial year stood at EUR 54.6 (46.3) million. The increase was caused by the acquisition in Austria combined with the working capital demand due to the increase in sales volumes.

Equity at the end of the financial year was EUR 27.0 (20.7) and solvency ratio $50.0 \%$ (44.9\%). Interest-bearing net liabilities amounted to EUR 14.0 (12.6) million, of which short-term liabilities accounted for EUR 4.3 (4.1) million. Net interest-bearing liabilities were EUR 8.2 (7.4) million, and net gearing amounted to $30.2 \%$ (36.0\%).

Cash flow from business operations was positive at EUR +7.9 (+15.9) million. The decrease from the previous year was due to the exceptionally low working capital at the turn of the previous year resulting mainly from accounts receivable. In addition, due to the good result in the 2004 financial year, taxes were paid at the start of 2005 for the previous year amounting to EUR 1.5 million. Operative capital expenditure was financed with cash flow from business operations. To fund the acquisition, interest-bearing liabilities were increased. At the end of the financial year, the Group's liquid assets stood at EUR 5.8 (5.1) million.

## CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND DEPRECIATION

Group capital expenditure on fixed assets amounted to EUR 4.1 million, of which operative capital investments accounted for approximately EUR 2.3 million. The most significant investment was the acquisition of the operations of Faserprofil GmbH in Austria at the beginning of April 2005. The acquisition accounted for an estimated EUR 2.1 million, of which fixed assets inclusive of goodwill was EUR 1.8 million. This sum includes a surplus payment based on the development of operations that will likely be paid in the future. In addition, investments in maintenance and productivity were continued, and the capacity of the Industry Division was increased by investing in new production lines at both the German and Austrian factories.

Total depreciation of non-current assets during the year under review amounted to EUR 3.6 (3.2) million. Goodwill is not amortized under IFRS. According to impairment tests that have been performed, no writedowns were required.

## PERSONNEL

The number of Exel Group employees on 31 December 2005 was 466 (419), of whom 315 (297) worked in Finland and 151 (122) in other countries. The average number of personnel during the financial year was 467 (441). The increase over the previous year was due to the acquisition of the Austrian unit and an increase in personnel in the Sport Division in Finland.

## BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Group operations are divided according to primary reporting segment into two parts represented by the Industry Division and Sport Division.

Industry Division
Key figures for the Industry Division for the reporting period were as follows:
1.10. - 1.10. - Change 1.1. - 1.1.- Change

|  | 31.12. | 31.12. | $\%$ | 31.12. | 31.12. |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EUR million | 2005 | 2004 |  | 2005 | 2004 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 15.1 | 11.7 | $29.0 \%$ | 56.8 | 48.3 | $17.5 \%$ |
| Operating profit | 3.2 | 2.3 | $39.0 \%$ | 10.8 | 7.8 | $37.8 \%$ |
| $\%$ of net sales | $21.5 \%$ | $19.9 \%$ |  | $19.0 \%$ | $16.2 \%$ |  |
| Average personnel | 241 | 218 | $10.6 \%$ | 236 | 224 | $5.4 \%$ |

Net sales in Industry Division increased by $17.5 \%$ over the previous year to EUR 56.8 million. Operating profit improved further to EUR 10.8 (7.8) million. Increased volumes, improved efficiency and stringent cost control are the main reasons behind this improvement.

Exel achieved its strategic goal of becoming the global leader in the pultrusion industry. To be able to serve our customers who operate globally, the decision was taken to establish a factory in China. All measures connected with establishing the new unit were carried out during the financial year so that the prerequisites exist for beginning the construction project.

Due to increased demand in Europe and new application areas, new production lines were opened at the profiles factory in Germany and at the Austrian unit that was acquired in the spring.

Sport Division
Key figures for the Sport Division for the reporting period were as follows:

|  | $1.10 .-$ | $1.10 .-$ | Change $\%$ | $1.1 .-$ | $1.1 .-$ | Change\% |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 31.12. | 31.12. |  | 31.12. | 31.12. |  |
| EUR million | 2005 | 2004 |  | 2005 | 2004 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 6.9 | 8.1 | $-15.0 \%$ | 34.5 | 35.5 | $-2.9 \%$ |
| Operating profit | -1.1 | 1.0 | $-208.0 \%$ | 1.6 | 5.9 | $-73.0 \%$ |
| \% of net sales | $-15.5 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ |  | $4.6 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ |  |
| Average personnel | 228 | 206 | $10.7 \%$ | 231 | 217 | $6.5 \%$ |

Net sales for the Sport Division decreased $2.9 \%$ on the previous year to EUR 34.5 (35.5) million. The Nordic Walking markets weakened and competition intensified in the German-speaking markets towards the end of the year. Exel invested heavily in opening new markets, particularly in North America, China and Japan. These efforts, however, did not offset the decrease in sales in traditional markets.

Floorball operations have developed strongly with new products and strengthened marketing efforts. Exel also signed an agreement to be the main sponsor of the 2006 Floorball World Championships.

Operating profit for the Sport Division decreased to EUR 1.6 million from the previous year's EUR 5.9 million due to heavy marketing investments, intensified competition and Nordic Walking stock clearance of retailers in Germany and Austria. Major efforts to open new Nordic

Walking markets will continue, alongside work to strengthen the organisation and develop the Nordic Fitness Sports concept.

Significant efforts are being made to open new markets in North America, where a new subsidiary, Exel USA, Inc., is working to spread the sport, and in China, where joint marketing with our partner CISS is progressing. During the last quarter, the necessary business licenses were granted by Chinese officials, and operations in China began.

The market for OEM products (windsurfing masts and laminate components) was stable. Sales of laminates have increased over the previous year, and new industrial applications are being developed.

SHARES AND SHARE CAPITAL
The Annual General Meeting of Exel Oyj held on 14 April 2005 approved the Board's proposal to distribute a dividend of EUR 0.35 per share ( 0.70 before split), representing a total of EUR 3,930,500, for the financial year 2004.

The AGM approved the proposal of the Board of Directors to double the number of shares of the company and to increase the share capital of the company with a bonus issue of EUR 56,150. After the increase the share capital of Exel Oyj increased to EUR 2,021,400 divided between 11,230, 000 shares, each with a counter-book value of EUR 0.18 . At the same time the AGM authorised the Board of Directors to increase share capital by a maximum of EUR 100,000, to acquire the company's own shares representing no more than $10 \%$ of the Company's total share capital, and to convey the company's own shares.

The subscription for the first part (A) of the 2001 warrant programme for key employees commenced on 1 June 2002, and 95, 800 subscriptions were made in 2005. Employees have the right to subscribe for a total of 55,400 company shares through 27,700 option rights by the end of 2005 with unused option rights. The subscription for the second part (B) of the 2001 warrant programme for key employees commenced on 1 October 2003, and 74,150 subscriptions were made in 2005. Employees have the right to subscribe for a total of 57,100 company shares through 28,550 option rights by the end of 2005 with unused option rights. The subscription period for all option rights ends on 30 April 2006.

Exel's share capital has increased during the year due to subscriptions made under the warrant programme by EUR 81,372 to EUR 2,069,802, and the number of shares registered in the Trade Register has increased to 11, 498, 900 .

During the financial year the highest share price quoted was EUR 14.80 (12.00 and the lowest EUR 11.35 (5.87). At the end of the year, the share price was EUR 13.05 (11.50). The average share price during the financial year was EUR 12.73 (9.02).

A total of $4,114,242(7,924,940)$ shares were traded during the year, which represents $35.7 \%$ ( $73.2 \%$ ) of the average number of shares. On 31 December 2005, Exel's market capitalisation was EUR 150.1 (127.0) million.

On 31 December 2005, $4.9 \%$ of the shares and votes of Exel were owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the President \& CEO and the members of the Board.

At the end of 2005 the company had a total of 2,967 $(2,380)$ shareholders. During the year under review, Exel received no disclosures under Chapter 2, section 9 of the Securities Market Act.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE
Exel complies with the general insider trading guidelines issued by the Helsinki Stock Exchange on 1 January 2006, as well with official regulations related to the governance of public joint stock companies. Exel's corporate governance principles are available on the company website www.exel.net.

Exel Oyj's wholly owned subsidiary Exel Sports Oy began operations on 1 April 2005. The new company incorporated the marketing, sales, logistics and product development operations of the Sport Division's consumer products, and 25 personnel transferred to the new company from the parent company. Exel board member Mika Sulin was appointed Managing Director of Exel Sports Oy.

## MANAGEMENT AND AUDITORS

On 14 April 2005 the Annual General Meeting appointed Kari Haavisto, Peter Hofvenstam, Vesa Kainu, and Ove Mattsson to continue on the Board of Directors. Torgny Eriksson, Esa Karppinen and Matti Virtaala were elected as new members. Ove Mattsson was re-elected Chairman of the Board. Ari Jokelainen is President \& CEO and Vesa Korpimies Deputy Managing Director.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Oy, Authorised Public Accountants, with Christian Savtschenko-Alexandroff, APA, as principal auditor, and Johan Kronberg, APA, served as company auditors.

EVENTS AFTER THE FINANCIAL YEAR
The decision was made at the end of January 2006 to subcontract all finishing, assembly and packaging operations for poles and floorball products to China. This transfer will take place in phases throughout the year with the goal of having all these operations handled completely in China by the beginning of 2007. This will necessitate the restructuring of operations at the Mäntyharju factory. Due to the reorganisation, negotiation procedure with personnel began on 1 February 2006. As a result of these negotiations, the number of personnel is estimated to be decreased by 60-70 persons. The restructuring is estimated to cause non-recurring costs amounting approximately to EUR 2 million during the year 2006. Based on the current sales volume it is estimated to increase the profit before taxes annually with minimum EUR 2 million starting from 2007.

The strategic focus for the Group is the Industry Division, which continues to expand. At the end of February the Australian company Pacific Composites Pty. Ltd will be acquired. Through the acquisition of Pacific Composites, Exel establishes itself as the world's first
global pultrusion company. The acquisition will extend the product range and reinforce Exel's leading positions. The acquisition helps Exel serve international clients globally. At the same time the establishment of operations in China and the Far East markets gathers pace, and the range of products is expanding. Net sales of Pacific Composites during July 2004 - June 2005 were EUR 19.8 million and profit before taxes EUR 1.8 million. Net sales during July - December 2005 were EUR 12.0 million, an increase of $25 \%$ compared to the corresponding period previous year. The profit before taxes for the same period amounted to EUR 1.4 million.

The cash consideration for Pacific Composites' shares amounts to EUR 17.5 million (AUD 28 million). In addition, pursuant to the authorization by the AGM on 14 April 2005, Exel's share capital will be increased by a new share issue to Lemarne Corporation Limited of 230,743 shares, with an estimated market value of EUR 2.8 million (AUD 4.5 million).

OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE
Pacific Composites will significantly increase net sales for the Industry Division. During 2006 the operations of Pacific Composites will be integrated into the Group. The acquisition strengthens and speeds up the growth of business operations particularly in the Far East markets. The lack of supply of carbon fibre will continue in 2006, which will limit growth opportunities.

The main markets for Nordic Walking products in Central Europe will remain weak during the spring as retail chains continue to sell off existing stocks. Demand is expected to recover by the summer. Efforts to open new Nordic Walking markets continue. New markets are expected to add to sales during the end of the year. The partial subcontracting of pole and floorball products to the Far East will cause non-recurring costs during 2006 but will improve the profitability of the Sport Division from 2007.

Based on the above, Group net sales are expected to increase significantly. Due to major restructuring of sports production and the acquisition of Pacific Composites, the profit will be influenced by a number of non-recurring items, meaning that the profit before taxes is expected to be slightly lower than 2005.

BOARD PROPOSAL FOR DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION
Exel's strategic goals include distributing dividends equal to at least $40 \%$ of the profit for the financial year unless otherwise required by growth and liquidity.

On 31 December 2005 the Group's distributable funds totalled EUR 19,530 thousand and those of the parent company EUR 19,023 thousand.

The Board proposes to the Annual General Meeting that a dividend be paid for the 2005 financial year of EUR 0.40 (0.35) per share for a total of EUR 4,720,257, which represents $53 \%$ of the profit for the financial year.

The 2005 Annual Report will be published on the company's website and in printed format during week 10.

The Annual General Meeting will be held on Thursday 6 April 2006 beginning at 10.00 am in the banqueting hall of Satakuntatalo at Lapinrinne 1 A, Helsinki, Finland.

The Group will issue quarterly interim reports on 5 May 2006, 26 July 2006 and 26 October 2006.

PRESS CONFERENCE
Exel will hold a press conference regarding the financial statements today Monday 27 February 2006 for the media and analysts at 11.00am in the Pavilion Cabinet of the Scandic Hotel Simonkenttä at Simonkatu 9, Helsinki, Finland. The acquisition of Pacific Composites will also be handled in the press conference.

Mäntyharju, 27 February 2006

EXEL OYJ Ari Jokelainen
Board of Directors President

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT, EUR 1000

| $1.10 .-$ |  | $1.1 .-$ |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 31.12. | $1.10 .-31.12$ | Change | 31.12. | $1.1-31.12$. |
| 2005 | 2004 | $\%$ | 2005 | 2004 |


| Net sales | 21,945 | 19,776 | $11.0 \%$ | 91,288 | 83,857 |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: |
| Other <br> operating <br> income <br> Operating <br> expenses <br> Depreciation <br> and impairment | -34 | 33 | $-203.0 \%$ | 186 | 111 |
| Operating <br> profit | $-18,727$ | $-15,538$ | $-20.5 \%$ | $-75,502$ | $-67,085$ |


| Net financial <br> items <br> Profit before <br> tax | -112 | -131 | $13.7 \%$ | -342 | -467 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income taxes <br> Profit for the <br> period | 2,057 | 3,182 | $-35.4 \%$ | 12,046 | 13,236 |
| Earnings per <br> share, EUR <br> Earnings per <br> share <br> (diluted), EUR | -332 | -922 | $64.0 \%$ | $-3,144$ | $-4,110$ |

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET, EUR 1000
31.12 .2005
31.12 .2004
Change

| ASSETS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-current assets |  |  |  |
| Goodwill | 3,877 | 3,188 | 689 |
| Other intangible assets | 880 | 926 | -46 |
| Tangible assets | 15,395 | 13,742 | 1,653 |
| Deferred tax assets | 1, 070 | 310 | 760 |
| Other non-current assets | 103 | 100 | 3 |
| Total non-current assets | 21,325 | 18,266 | 3,059 |
| Current assets |  |  |  |
| Inventories | 15,361 | 13,269 | 2,092 |
| Trade receivables and other receivables | 11,697 | 9,568 | 2,129 |
| Income tax receivables | 460 | 0 | 460 |
| Cash in hand and at bank | 5,778 | 5,150 | 628 |
| Total current assets | 33,296 | 27,987 | 5,308 |
| Total assets | 54,621 | 46,253 | 8,368 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY |  |  |  |
| Equity |  |  |  |
| Share capital | 2,070 | 1,932 | 138 |
| Rights issue | 287 | 817 | -530 |
| Premium fund | 5,142 | 3,390 | 1,752 |
| Retained earnings | 10,628 | 5,427 | 5,201 |
| Profit for the financial period | 8,902 | 9,126 | -224 |
| Equity attributable to the equity holders of parent company | 27,029 | 20,692 | 6,337 |
| Minority interest | 11 | 0 | 11 |



CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT, EUR 1000
1.1.- 1.1.-

$$
\text { 31.12. } \quad 31.12
$$

$$
2005
$$

Cash flow from business operations Profit for the financial year Total adjustments
Change in net working capital Cash flow from business Operations

| 8,902 | 9,126 | -224 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6,935 | 7,623 | -688 |
| $-2,760$ | 1,657 | $-4,417$ |
|  |  |  |
| 13,077 | 18,406 | $-5,329$ |


| Financial expenses paid | -498 | -409 | -89 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial income received | 162 | 50 | 112 |
| Income taxes paid | -4,823 | -2,136 | -2,687 |
| Net cash flow from business operations | 7,918 | 15,911 | -7,993 |
| Cash flow from investing activities |  |  |  |
| Acquisitions | -2,056 | -7,181 | 5,125 |
| Investments in tangible and intangible assets | -2,377 | -3,187 | 810 |
| Proceeds from sales of fixed assets | 62 | 44 | 18 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | -4,371 | -10 324 | 5,953 |
| Cash flow from financing |  |  |  |
| Share issue | 1,360 | 1,102 | 258 |
| Proceeds from long term borrowings | 2,000 | 5,100 | -3,100 |
| Repayments of long term borrowings shortterm loans | -2,011 | -2,588 | 577 |
| Change in short term borrowings | -30 | 345 | -375 |
| Repayment of finance leases | -307 | -157 | -150 |
| Dividend distributed | -3,931 | -6,998 | 3, 067 |
| Net cash flow from financing | -2,919 | -3,196 | 277 |
| Change in liquid funds | 628 | 2,391 | -1,763 |
| Liquid funds at the beginning of the period | 5,150 | 2,759 | 2,391 |
| Change in liquid funds | 628 | 2,391 | -1,763 |
| Liquid funds at the end of the period | 5,778 | 5,150 | 628 |

QUARTERLY INFORMATION, EUR million

IV/2005 III/2005 II/2005 I/2005 IV/2004 III/2004 II/2004

Net sales by segment

| Industry | 15.1 | 13.8 | 15.5 | 12.5 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 13.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sport | 6.9 | 8.6 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 9.8 |
| Total net sales | 21.9 | 22.4 | 25.2 | 21.7 | 19.8 | 20.4 | 23.2 |
| Operating profit by segment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industry | 3.2 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
| Sport | -1.1 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 2.7 |
| Total operating profit | 2.2 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 5.2 |
| Financial income and expenses | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 |


| Profit before taxes | 2.1 | 2.9 | 4.9 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 5.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income taxes | -0.3 | -0.9 | -1.3 | -0.6 | -0.1 | -1.0 | -1.6 |
| Profit for the |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| financial year | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 3.5 |
| Earnings per share, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EUR | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.32 | 0.14 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.32 |
| Earnings per share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (diluted), EUR | 0.14 | 0.17 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.31 |
| Average number of star undiluted, 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| shares | 11521 | 11302 | 11230 | 11230 | 10998 | 10768 | 10766 |
| Average number of sha diluted, 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| shares | 11611 | 11574 | 11393 | 11524 | 11464 | 11268 | 11162 |
| Average number of personnel | 469 | 498 | 485 | 417 | 424 | 456 | 453 |

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, EUR 1000

| 31.12. | 31.12. |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2005 | 2004 |

On own behalf
Mortgages 2,953 2,954
Corporate mortgages 12,500 12,500

Lease liabilities

- falling due in less than

1 year

216223

- falling due in 1-5 years

263 1,563

Other commitments
66
67

DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS, NOMINAL VALUES, EUR 1000

| Currency derivatives |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Forward contracts <br> Purchased currency <br> options | 0 | 877 |
| Sold currency <br> options | 0 | 750 |
| Interest swaps (NPV) <br> Interest swaps | 0 | 371 |

Net sales
Operating profit
\% of net sales
Profit before taxes
\% of net sales
Profit for the financial year
\% of net sales
Equity
Interest-bearing liabilities
Liquid funds
Net interest-bearing liabilities
Capital employed
Return on equity, \%
Return on investment, \%
Solvency ratio, \%
Net gearing, \%
Capital expenditure
$\%$ of net sales
$R \& D$ expenses
$\%$ of net sales

Order Stock of the Group

Earnings per share, EUR
Earnings per share (diluted), EUR
Equity per share, EUR

Number of shares, 1000

- undiluted, average
diluted, average

Average number of personnel
1.1.-
31.12 .

2005

91, 288
12,388
13.6\%

12,046
13.2\%

8,902
9.8\%

27,040
13, 957
5,778
8,179
40, 997
37.3\%
34.0\%
50. $0 \%$
30. 2\%

4,119
4.5\%

2,323
2. 5\%

12,381
0.78
0.76
2.34

11,359
11,550

467
1.1.-
31.12 . 2004

83, 857
13,702 16,3\%
13, 236 15.8\% 9,126 10.9\%

20, 692
12,597
5,150
7,447
33, 290
47.8\%
45. 2\%
44.9\%
36. 0\%

5,803
6.9\%

1,956
2.3\%

13,798
0.84
0.80
1.84

10, 826
11,464

441
$-10.3 \%$
-7.0\%
-4.0\%
27.2\%
4.9\%

Change \%
8.9\%
-9, 6\%
-9.0\%
$-2.5 \%$
30.6\%
10.8\%
12.2\%
9.8\%
23.2\%
-29.0\%
18.8\%
9.1\%
-
0.8\%
5.9\%

