ORC

Orc Software AB – Year-end financial report January 1 – December 31, 2006

October-December 2006

- Revenue SEK 111 (79) million
- Operating income SEK 21 (13) million
- Operating income SEK 24 (14) million after adjustments for items affecting comparability and foreign exchange effects
- Operating margin 19.1 (17.0) percent
- Operating margin 22.2 (18.1) percent after adjustments for items affecting comparability and foreign exchange effects
- Income after taxes SEK 17 (8) million
- Earnings per share SEK 1.13 (0.54)

Full year 2006

- Revenue SEK 418 (278) million
- Operating income SEK 67 (28) million
- Operating income SEK 84 (27) million after adjustments for items affecting comparability and foreign exchange effects
- Operating margin 16.1 (9.9) percent
- Operating margin 20.9 (10.4) percent after adjustments for items affecting comparability and foreign exchange effects
- Income after taxes SEK 51 (20) million
- Earnings per share SEK 3.30 (1.40)

Significant events

- Strong sales during the quarter and the year in total
 - the annual value of existing client contracts increased by 11 percent from SEK
 311 million to SEK 346 million during the quarter and by 30 percent pro forma during the year in total
- The Board of Directors proposes a dividend for 2006 of SEK 2.00 per share

Orc Software (SSE: ORC) is a leading global provider of technology for advanced trading, market making and brokerage. Founded in 1987, Orc provides solutions and services to its 600+ worldwide customer sites from its 14 offices across Europe, North America and Asia Pacific. Orc Software's customers include leading investment banks, trading and market-making firms, exchanges, brokerage houses, institutional investors, hedge funds and software vendors. CameronFIX, the number one Financial Information Exchange protocol (FIX) electronic trading standard, is a fully owned Orc connectivity solution and is also used as a stand-alone solution by major members of the global financial industry. Orc Software has offices in Chicago, New York, Toronto, London, Stockholm, Frankfurt, Milan, Vienna, Zurich, St. Petersburg, Moscow, Hong Kong and Sydney. In 2006, the company's revenue was SEK 418 million (USD 57 million). www.orcsoftware.com

Future outlook

The annual value of existing client contracts¹ increased pro forma by 30 percent and amounted to SEK 346 million at the end of 2006. This implies continued good growth opportunities for Orc Software. Adjusted for foreign exchange effects, the increase was 41 percent. Excluding the acquisition of Cameron Systems, the annual value of existing client contracts increased by 26 percent.

The Board of Directors' objective is an annual revenue growth of at least 15 percent and an annual operating margin of at least 15 percent.

Markets

Trading volumes continued to develop favorably during 2006 and the demand for advanced trading technology grew. Market participants require technology solutions that enable them to benefit from liquidity and volatility opportunities among the exchanges. Market conditions are also influenced to a large degree by the regulatory changes of the EU directive MiFID (Markets in Financial Instruments Directive) and the American Regulation National Market System (RegNMS). Demand for Direct Market Access (DMA) favours Orc Software's position for market access and FIX connectivity.

In Europe, demand for Orc Software's solutions continued to be favorable in all markets during the year, including growth in demand for derivative trading solutions. Within the regulatory area, MiFID is driving the creation of new marketplaces and services. The interpretation of MiFID by local financial supervisory authorities will commence in the first half-year 2007. Orc Software is benefiting from financial players demanding system solutions for effective trading within existing and new marketplaces. An increasing interest in options trading across Eastern Europe will contribute to new business opportunities for Orc Software.

In the North American market, the high pace of change continued in 2006 and cross exchange trading increased. Floor trading is transitioning into electronic trading and a first Electronic Crossing Network (ECN) will be launched in Canada in 2007. The further development of RegNMS places greater demands on best execution – to offer the lowest price in a stock market. During 2006, the exchanges diversified into new asset classes. Orc Software developed a number of market connections for FX trading during the year. Orc Software also grew by selling infrastructure solutions to investment banks and commercial banks, including order routing for international trading.

In Asia and Australia, Orc Software is benefiting from the growing interest of financial players in multi-market access from a single trading screen. Increased demand in market-making for derivatives is also contributing to driving Orc Software's business operations. Orc Software strengthened its position in 2006 on several markets in Asia, including the growing financial markets in Taiwan and Korea.

¹ Defined as the annualized value of existing client contracts, excluding transaction-based revenues, using the average

exchange rates during the last month of the period, without taking into account foreign exchange hedges. New contracts

are included as of the date invoicing is expected to begin and cancelled contracts are included until payment is discontinued. Cameron Systems is included in this calculation as of December 31, 2005.

Significant events

Integration of Cameron Systems

Cameron Systems' products were assembled under the CameronFIX trademark and integrated into Orc Software's market solutions during the fourth quarter 2006. Business operations are managed from joint offices in London, Sydney and Hong Kong as of the fourth quarter. During the first quarter 2007, the Orc and Cameron operations will also merge in New York.

MarketOn

Development of the MarketOn front-end solution in collaboration with OMX commenced in the autumn of 2005. As of December 31, 2006 Intellectual Property Rights for certain software components for MarketOn have been sold to OMX for SEK 2.1 million. Orc Software integrates MarketOn with the Orc platform for expanded Brokerage and DMA solutions.

Product development

Version 6.1 of Orc Trader and Orc Liquidator was launched in the fourth quarter. The new version contains an open API for the flexible integration of volatility models, improved analysis tools, greater direct access to global markets, etc.

Orc Software developed several market connections during 2006, including those for IntercontinentalExchange (commodities), EBS (FX), FXall (FX), Hotspot FXi (FX), ICAP (fixed income) and Russian Trading Systems (equities). During the fourth quarter the number of market connections increased from 116 to 117.

Events after the end of the period

Acquisition of the remaining shares in Orc Education

As of January 1, 2007 Orc Software has acquired the remaining 49 percent of the shares in Orc Software's subsidiary Orc Education from Swedish Trading Institute AB. Orc Education organizes courses in derivatives trading.

Earnings

Full year 2006

Operating income increased by SEK 39 million during 2006 and amounted to SEK 67 (SEK 28 million during 2005) million, representing an operating margin of 16.1 (9.9) percent. The increase was primarily related to increased systems revenue and the acquisition of Cameron Systems. Excluding the acquisition of Cameron Systems, operating income increased by SEK 25 million.

After adjustments for items affecting comparability and foreign exchange effects, operating income amounted to SEK 84 (27) million, representing an operating margin of 20.9 (10.4) percent.

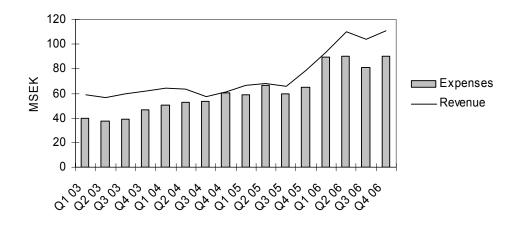
October-December 2006

Operating income increased by 62 percent during October-December and amounted to SEK 21 (13) million, representing an operating margin of 19.1 (17.0) percent. Excluding the acquisition of Cameron Systems, operating income increased by SEK 8 million. Compared to the previous quarter, operating income decreased by 5 percent.

After adjustments for items affecting comparability and foreign exchange effects, operating income for the quarter amounted to SEK 24 (14) million, representing an operating margin of 22.2 (18.1) percent.

Revenue

Quarterly revenue and expenses



Full year 2006

Group revenue increased during 2006 by 50 percent to SEK 418 (278) million. Excluding Cameron Systems, revenue increased by 29 percent. The increase is primarily attributable to increased systems revenue.

Sales to all geographical segments increased during 2006. The largest percentage increase was shown in the Americas. Also excluding Cameron Systems, all geographical segments showed a positive development in sales.

Revenue per geographic market			
SEK million	2006	2005	Change in %
Nordic countries	110	83	33
Europe excluding Nordic region	162	119	36
Asia and Australia	54	30	80
Americas	78	27	189
Other (FX differences)	14	19	-26
Total	418	278	50

Revenue per geographic market

Systems revenue increased by 57 percent to SEK 365 (233) million and amounted to 87 (84) percent of total revenue. Initial revenue, mainly from Cameron Systems, amounted to about 9 percent of systems revenue for 2006. Excluding Cameron Systems, systems revenue increased by 31 percent.

Other operating revenue amounted to SEK 53 (45) million, representing an increase by 18 percent. The increase was related to revenue from OMX amounting to approximately SEK 10 million and higher revenue from professional services. Positive foreign exchange differences amounted to SEK 14 (19) million.

October-December 2006

Group revenue increased during the fourth quarter 2006 by 41 percent to SEK 111 (79) million. Excluding Cameron Systems, revenue increased by 28 percent. Compared with the previous quarter, revenue increased by 7 percent.

Systems revenue increased by 50 percent to SEK 96 (64) million. Excluding Cameron Systems, systems revenue increased by 33 percent. In relation to the previous quarter, systems revenue increased by 3 percent. Excluding Cameron Systems, systems revenue increased by 7 percent. As previously communicated, Cameron Systems has started a transition to a license model similar to Orc Software's, which in the short term has a reducing effect on Cameron Systems' revenue.

Other operating revenue increased by 7 percent and amounted to SEK 15 (14) million. Compared with the previous quarter, Other operating revenue increased by 47 percent, partly attributable to an increase in positive foreign exchange differences that amounted to SEK 4.0 million and the sale of Intellectual Property Rights for certain software components for MarketOn to OMX for SEK 2.1 million. These revenues otherwise consisted of revenue from professional services and sales of hardware.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses increased during 2006 by 40 percent to SEK 351 (250) million. In comparison to the previous quarter, operating expenses increased by 11 percent. There were no items affecting comparability during the fourth quarter.

Personnel costs increased during 2006 by 54 percent to SEK 205 (133) million. This increase is primarily a consequence of the acquisition of Cameron Systems, higher sales commissions resulting from a strong sales year, previously communicated severance pay, and the taking-over of operations from OMX. Personnel costs also include a bonus for the company's employees, including the management, equal to SEK 11.6 (1.9) million. The average number of employees increased by 22 percent during the year. During the fourth quarter personnel costs increased by 2 percent, compared to the third quarter. The increase is primarily due to higher vacation pay provision liabilities.

Cost of premises increased by 11 percent to SEK 20 (18) million during 2006, primarily a consequence of the acquisition of Cameron Systems. In relation to the previous quarter, cost of premises increased by 32 percent. This increase is attributable to the planned expansion of the existing offices, as communicated in the previous quarter.

Other external expenses ² increased by 43 percent to SEK 80 (56) million during 2006. About half of the increase is attributable to the acquired Cameron Systems. Other cost rises are primarily a consequence of increased sales activities and negative foreign exchange differences. Compared with the previous quarter, Other external expenses increased by SEK 11 million. The increase is mainly attributable to increased sales activities, a larger use of external consultants, and the fourth quarter containing higher negative foreign exchange differences. The negative foreign exchange differences amounted to SEK 6.6 million in the quarter.

Depreciation, amortization and write-downs increased by 50 percent during 2006 and amounted to SEK 24 (16) million. This increase is attributable to higher Other intangible fixed assets, which in turn is related to the acquisition of Cameron Systems, and a write-down attributable to the Intellectual Property Rights for certain software components for MarketOn sold to OMX for SEK 2.1 million. Compared to the previous quarter, depreciation, amortization and write-downs increased by 17 percent, mainly due to the write-down for

² Other external expenses consist mainly of other external consulting (not related to product development), travel, marketing, and negative foreign exchange differences.

MarketOn. At the beginning of the same quarter an earlier development project was fully amortizised.

Development expenditure

Orc Software continues to invest considerable resources in product development of new and existing applications. The main development expenditures cover of salaries. At the end of the year, 122 (107) persons worked with product development in Hong Kong, London, Moscow, New York, St Petersburg, Stockholm, Sydney and Toronto. Other product development expenditure includes computer equipment and premises for product developers, as well as external consultants.

Capitalized development expenditure in 2006 amounted to SEK 6.4 (-) million, and primarily refer to MarketOn which has been capitalized since September 1, 2006. The amortization of accumulated capitalized development expenditure amounted to SEK 5.5 (7,8) million, and the write-down of capitalized development expenditure amounted to SEK 2.1 (-) million.

Total development expenditure in 2006 increased by 32 percent and amounted to approximately 21 (25) percent of total revenue³. This increase is attributable to the acquisition of Cameron Systems as well as an increase in internal development resources. It is anticipated that development expenditure will also represent a significant part of operating expenditure in the future.

Cash flow and investments

Orc Software's cash flow before changes in working capital and investments was SEK 81 (45) million in 2006.

The change in working capital had an effect on cash flow to the amount of SEK 12 (6.5) million for 2006 and was primarily attributable to increased Other operating liabilities, a consequence of increased sales. Operating capital amounted to SEK 184 (-35) million at the end of December, 2006. The acquisition of Cameron Systems affected operating capital through a decline in liquid funds and an increase in shareholders' equity as a consequence of a new share issue and transfer of repurchased shares.

The Group's investments during 2006 amounted to SEK 192 (-8) million and were primarily related to the acquisition of Cameron Systems.

Orc Software did not have any interest-bearing liabilities at the end of the period. Liquid funds amounted to SEK 75 (227) million as of December 31, 2006.

Financial risk management

Foreign exchange risks

i) Transaction exposure

The majority of Orc Software's invoicing to clients in the Nordic countries takes place in Swedish kronor. Clients outside the Nordic countries are invoiced primarily in US dollars and Euros, although invoicing is also done in Australian and Canadian dollars, Danish and Norwegian kronor, Japanese yen and British pounds. The Group has significant exposure in US dollars and Euros, for which revenue exceeds expenses, as well as in British pounds

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3}$ Total revenue is adjusted for positive foreign exchange differences.

where expenses exceed revenue since the invoicing for UK clients is primarily denominated in US dollars.

The Group's exposed net inflow amounted to approximately SEK 103 in 2006, allocated as set out in the table below.

Inflow 2006	SEK
	million
EUR	71
USD	71
DKK	2
Total	144
Outflow 2006	
GBP	-23
HKD	-15
CHF	-1
CAD	-1
AUD	-1
Total	-41

Foreign exchange hedging affected operating income by SEK 2.6 (-5,6) million.⁴

In accordance with the company's policy, significant net exposure in each respective currency is hedged for the coming 3-12 months, with a certain possibility of deviation in special cases. As of December 31, 2006, future flows equivalent to SEK 40 (42) million had been hedged, consisting of USD 3.0 (3.0) million and EUR 2.0 (2.0) million. The currencies are hedged against the Swedish krona at an average forward rate of 7.23 (7.81) USD/SEK and 9.00 (9.38) EUR/SEK, respectively, with a total average remaining duration of 3 (4) months.

ii) Balance sheet exposure

Orc Software is exposed to fluctuations in the AUD/SEK exchange rate as a consequence of the intangible assets that arose upon the acquisition of Cameron Systems, which in accordance with current accounting principles are accounted for in AUD. The company has chosen not to hedge this exposure.

Liquidity management

As to liquidity risk and credit risk, investments may only take place in instruments that have high liquidity and credit value. This implies that the Swedish issuers used by Orc Software must be ranked "K1" as per Standard & Poor's ratings and that the non-Swedish issuers must be ranked "A-1" and "P-1" as per Standard & Poor's and Moody's ratings.

The company's short-term investments, which at year-end amounted to a nominal value of SEK 0.8 (165) million, consisted of Swedish commercial papers with "K1" credit ratings and bank time deposits.

Credit risks

In general, Orc Software's clients, who include investment banks, banks and brokerage houses, represent a strong capital segment, which consequently implies a low risk for bad debt losses. The company's bad debt losses are negligible due to the fact that clients, on a quarterly or even longer basis, pay in advance and that Orc Software works actively to inform its clients of the importance of paying on time. During 2006 bad debt losses amounted to 0.8 percent of the operating expenses.

 $^{^4}$ The valuation is based on the exchange rates at the end of the accounting period: USD/SEK 6.87 and EUR/SEK 9.05.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below describes the full-year effect on Orc Software's operating income attributable to a change in a number of factors.

Factor	Change	Effect on Operating income for full year 2006, SEK million
License price	+/- 5%	+/- 18
Salary costs	+/- 5%	_/+ 9
Development	+/- 5%	_/+ 4
expenses		
USD/SEK	+/- 5%	+/- 4 ⁵
GBP/SEK	+/- 5%	_/+ 1 ⁵
EUR/SEK	+/- 5%	+/- 4 ⁵

Taxation

The tax rate for January-December 2006 amounted to 25 (38) percent. The lower tax rate in 2006 is due in part to the fiscal deficit in a subsidiary having been accounted for as tax receivable further to a renewed assessment of the possibility to utilize the fiscal deficit, and in part to tax receivable in the Parent company attributable to temporary differences that have not previously been taken into consideration. The higher tax rate for 2005 was a consequence of non-recorded tax receivable pertaining to a loss deduction in a subsidiary.

Employees

At the end of December 2006 Orc Software had 244 (207) employees. The total number of employees increased during the fourth quarter by 5. The average number of employees during 2006 was 227 (186). The number of female employees at year-end equaled 48 (38) and the number of male employees equaled 196 (169). The average age of the employees is 32 (32).

Employees per	geographical	segment	Employees by fu	unction	
	31 Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005		31 Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005
			Product development	122	107
Sweden	78	72	Support and account		
Russia	38	47	management	55	45
Rest of Europe	42	36	Sales	34	29
North America	32	17	Company-wide		
Asia & Australia	54	35	functions	33	26
Total	244	207	Total	244	207

Dividend

The Board of Directors recommends the Annual General Meeting a dividend for 2006 equaling SEK 2 per share, totalling SEK 30 (50) million, comparable to 60 (244) percent of Net income. The proposed record day for dividends is April 30, 2006. If the Annual General Meeting votes in favor of the proposal, the expected payment date for the dividends is May 4, 2007. The dividends are paid through VPC AB.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 5}$ Without taking into account existing foreign exchange hedges.

Conditions for the new CEO

Since October 12, 2006 Orc Software's CEO Thomas Bill has a fixed monthly salary of SEK 294 670. The variable salary amounts to no more than 56 percent of the annual fixed salary. The CEO also receives a premium based pension benefit, which amounts to 15 percent of fixed salary.

Nominating committee

The nominating committee consists of Magnus Eidemo (Skandia Liv), Ulf Strömsten (Catella), Magnus Böcker (OMX) and chairman Björn Lind (SEB Funds). The committee is responsible for issuing a proposal regarding the members of Orc Software's Board of Directors and Directors' compensation, chairman of the Annual General Meeting, choice of auditors, and audit fees.

Share repurchase

Orc Software did not hold any own shares at the end of 2006. During the year, 513 500 own shares were utilized for the acquisition of Cameron Systems. The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held in 2006 authorized the Board of Directors to acquire or transfer shares in the company during the period up to the next Annual General Meeting, one or several occasions.

Options program

An options program for Orc Software employees was launched during the fourth quarter 2006 and a new issue of 400 000 warrants was registered in December 2006. The options program consists of two parts, one for employees in Sweden and one for employees outside Sweden. Employees in Sweden are offered to acquire warrants at market price. Employees outside Sweden receive options free of charge, that can be used for share subscription if they are employed at the time of the share subscription. At the end of 2006, employees in Sweden had subscribed for 93 700 warrants and 221 800 options had been allocated to employees outside Sweden. The warrant price for employees in Sweden was set at SEK 10.02. The strike price is SEK 124 for the warrants and the duration is three years, running until December 31, 2009. The issue is estimated to imply a maximum dilution of 2.6 percent of the shares and votes in the company. The share capital may increase by a maximum of SEK 40 000. The principal costs for the program consist of salary costs, including social security charges, for employees outside Sweden and are estimated to approximately SEK 2.3 million over a two-year period.

Transactions with affiliated companies

As of October 1, 2005 Orc Software has taken over operations including 12 employees from OMX for the development of a new front-end-solution, MarketOn. The employees have received market-equivalent compensation during 2006 and OMX assumed the expenses for developing the new product during an initial period until August 31 2006. Orc Software has during 2006 received compensation amounting to 8.3 million for these expenses. From September 1 2006, Orc Software has assumed the costs.

As of December 31 2006, Orc Software sold Intellectual Property Rights for certain software components for MarketOn to OMX for SEK 2.1 million.

Cameron Systems has during the year sold FIX and FAST technology to OMX Market Technology in Australia for USD 200 000.

The Parent company

The Parent company's revenue increased by 30 percent to SEK 336 (259) million. Income after financial items amounted to SEK 46 (20) million. Liquid funds amounted at the end of the period to SEK 50 (187) million. There were no short-term investments at the end of the period (SEK 164 million as of December 31, 2005). In addition, the Parent company has an unutilized overdraft facility equal to SEK 20 million.

Accounting principles

This Year-end report is prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, which is in accordance with the requirements stipulated by the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council recommendation RR31, Interim Financial Reporting for Groups. The same accounting principles have been used as in the last annual report.

The options program to employees of Orc Software is reported in accordance with IFRS 2 – Share-Based Payment.

The options that have been allocated to employees outside Sweden are considered as a benefit, which implies that the company reports the benefit's fair value in the income statement as a cost spread over the earned period. The counter-amount is reported as an increase in equity. The number of allocated options has been reduced by the estimated staff turnover. In accordance with URA 46, estimated costs for social charges have been calculated in the same way.

No benefit arises for employees in Sweden who acquired warrants at market value, and no related costs therefore burden the income statement. The premium for these warrants will increase the Group's liquid funds and equity at the time of payment on January 31, 2007.

Acquisition of Cameron Systems

On February 1, Orc Software acquired 100 percent of the shares in Cameron Systems. The initial purchase price was set to SEK 169 million of which SEK 77 million was in Orc shares. An additional purchase price, based on Cameron Systems' revenue and income, was paid in Septem-ber in the amount of SEK 76 million, including direct expenditures related to the acquisition.

Cameron Systems contributed with revenue of SEK 60 million and an operating income of SEK 22 million for the period February 1 to December 31, 2006. For the period January 1 to January 31, 2006 revenue amounted to SEK 2.3 million, with an operating income of SEK -0.3 million.

Specification of a	acquired i	net assets
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SEK thousands	
SER lilousarius	
Acquisition value	
Cash payment	-167 918
Direct expenditures attributable to the	-7 446
acquisition	
352 282 newly issued Orc shares	-31 255
513 500 repurchased Orc shares	-46 215
Total acquisition value	-252 834

Acquired assets and liabilities

Goodwill⁷

SEK thousands	Fair value	Acquired book value
Intangible assets ⁶	93 000	-
Tangible assets	735	735
Financial fixed assets	47	47
Receivables	13 359	13 359
Liquid funds	6 159	6 159
Total assets	113 300	20 300
Deferred tax liability	-26 040	-
Other liabilities	-11 758	-11 758
Total liabilities	-37 798	-11 758
Total acquired net assets	75 502	8 542
Specification of acquired goodwill		
Total acquisition value	252 834	
Fair value of acquired net assets	-75 502	

The acquisition of Cameron Systems has affected the Group's cash flow to the amount of SEK -169 million, consisting of the cash part of the purchase price as well as the direct expenditures related to the acquisition reduced by the acquired liquid funds.

177 332

The final acquisition analysis has been adjusted in the amount of SEK 2.8 million for other liabilities, which also affect goodwill pertaining to Cameron Systems.

⁶ Concerns technology, brand name and client relations. Straight line amortization is applied on these intangible assets. From the total amount of SEK 93 million, 11 percent is related to trademarks with an amortization period of 5 years, 28 percent is related to customer relations with an amortization period of 10 years and 61 percent is related to technology with an amortization period of 15 years. ⁷ Goodwill consists of anticipated future synergy effects through the expansion of the product range. In

addition to synergy effects, personnel and future profitability also represent components of goodwill.

Income statement

SEK thousands	2006	2005	Oct-Dec 2006	Oct-Dec 2005
Operating revenue				
Systems revenue	364 945	233 337	96 438	64 241
Other operating revenue	52 973	44 775	14 779	14 345
Total revenue	417 918	278 112	111 217	78 586
	417 516	270 112	111211	10 300
Operating expenses				
Purchase cost of goods sold	-19 768	-15 583	-4 981	-3 377
External expenses				
Cost of premises	-20 493	-17 703	-6 090	-4 863
Telecom expenses	-6 934	-9 275	-854	-1 974
Consulting fees	-1 248	-2 573	-203	-356
Other external expenses	-79 640	-55 843	-24 653	-15 198
Personnel costs	-205 383	-133 311	-51 716	-35 617
Work performed by the company	6 394	-	5 397	-
for it's own use and capitalized				
Depreciation, amortization and	-23 567	-16 166	-6 867	-3 806
write-downs				
Total expenses	-350 639	-250 454	-89 967	-65 191
Operating income	67 279	27 658	21 250	13 395
Financial items				
Income from participation in	-278	92	-77	-119
associated companies				
Financial income	1 548	9 265	-1 077	1 222
Financial expenses	-367	-3 947	-69	-131
Net financial income	903	5 410	-1 223	972
Income after financial items	68 182	33 068	20 027	14 367
Tax on net income for the period	-17 318	-12 577	-2 644	-6 159
Net income for the period	50 864	20 491	17 383	8 208
Net income for the period attributable to the minority interest	891	410	240	435
Net income for the period attributable to the Parent company's shareholders	49 973	20 081	17 143	7 773
Earnings per share ⁸ , SEK Number of outstanding shares at the end of the period reduced by Orc Software's repurchase of	3.30 15 202	1.40 14 337	1.13 15 202	0.54 14 337
own shares, thousands Average number of outstanding shares reduced by Orc Software's repurchase of own shares, thousands	15 126	14 337	15 202	14 337

⁸ Orc Software has options issued to employees that is estimated to imply a maximum dilution of 2.6 percent. As of December 31, 2006 the options did not imply any dilution effect as the average share price did not exceed the exercise price. Orc Software does not have any outstanding conversion loans.

Balance sheet

SEK thousands	31 Dec, 2006	31 Dec, 2005
ASSETS		
Fixed assets		
Intangible assets		
Capitalized development expenditure	4 729	5 964
Goodwill ⁹	171 962	476
Other intangible fixed assets ¹⁰	80 840	680
Tangible assets		
Equipment	23 670	16 364
Shares in associated companies	-	87
Available-for-sale investments	3 082	3 082
Other long-term financial fixed assets	2 338	1 670
Deferred tax receivable	10 572	2 027
Total fixed assets	297 193	30 350
Current assets		
Current receivables		
Accounts receivable	83 597	48 062
Prepaid tax	4	2 312
	135	
Other receivables	6 249	6 790
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	9 249	7 617
Short-term investments	765	164 852
Cash and bank balances	73 899	61 999
Total current assets	177 894	291 632
TOTAL ASSETS	475 087	321 982
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND		
LIABILITIES		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1 520	1 485
Other contributed capital	126 404	60 115
Reserves	-9 126	378
Retained earnings	137 108	128 115
Equity attributable to the minority interest	2 945	2 099
Total shareholders' equity	258 851	192 192
Long-term liabilities	54 240	20.200
Deferred tax liability	51 219	26 260
Total long-term liabilities	51 219	26 260
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	11 602	9 487
Tax liabilities	12 802	1 812
Other liabilities	6 747	4 273
Accrued expenses and prepaid income	133 866	87 958
Shares in associated companies	-	-
Total current liabilities	165 017	103 530
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	475 087	321 982
Pledged assets	None	None
Contingent liabilities	None	None

⁹ This item pertains to Cameron Systems, Orc ExNet and E2E infotech. Goodwill in Cameron Systems is stated in Australian dollars and goodwill in E2E infotech is stated in British pounds. Both are adjusted according to the closing day rate. The Group's goodwill is specified on the next page. ¹⁰ This item pertains to Cameron Systems.

Specification of the Group's goodwill

Goodwill arose in conjunction with the acquisition of Cameron Systems, E2E infotech and the establishment of Orc ExNet.

SEK thousands	
Opening gross amount January 1, 2006	476
Opening accumulated write-downs January 1, 2006	-
Goodwill added during the year	177 332
Write-downs during the year	-
Translation differences	-5 846
Closing gross value and accumulated write-downs	171 962
December 31, 2006	

Specification of the Group's equity

2006 192 192	2005	2006	2005
192 192	100 100		2005
	199 192	242 563	191 726
-	-2 184	-	-
-50 016	-22 729 ¹¹	-	-
46 215	-	-	-
-	-140	-	-
31 255	-	-	-
-144	144	-	144
-9 408	-58	-1 034	-58
-412	-6 755	-339	-9 599
-45	1 452	-36	1 452
-	205	-	205
28	-	28	-
-1 678	2 574	286	114
49 973	20 081	17 143	7 773
891	410	240	435
258 851	192 192	258 851	192 192
255 906	190 093	255 906	190 093
200 000			
2 945	2 099	2 945	2 099
2 3 10	2 000	2010	2 000
	46 215 - 31 255 -144 -9 408 -412 -45 - 28 -1 678 49 973 891	-50 016 -22 729 ¹¹ 46 215 - - -140 31 255 - -144 144 -9 408 -58 -412 -6 755 -45 1 452 -205 205 28 - -1 678 2 574 49 973 20 081 891 410 258 851 192 192 255 906 190 093	$\begin{array}{c cccccc} -50 & 016 & -22 & 729^{11} & - \\ 46 & 215 & - & - \\ & -140 & - \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The sum of revenue and expenses for 2006 calculated as the sum of revenue and expenses, which are accounted for on the income statement and directly against shareholders' equity, amounted to SEK 40 (23) million as of December 31, 2006. Of this amount, SEK 39 (23) million is related to the Parent company's shareholders and SEK 0.9 (0.4) million is related to the minority interest.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 11}}$ Of which SEK 1 224 thousand refers to dividends from Orc ExNet.

Cash flow statement

SEK thousands	2006	2005
Operating activities	2000	2005
Operating income	67 279	27 658
Adjustment for items not included in cash flow	0. 2.0	
Depreciation, amortization and write-downs	23 567	16 166
Other adjustments for items not included in cash	1 453	-3 527
flow		
Financial items	1 487	5 357
Income tax paid	-12 492	-1 068
Cash flow from operating activities before changes	81 294	44 586
in working capital		
Changes in working capital		
Changes in accounts receivable	-23 339	-4 149
Changes in other operating assets	-1 189	-1 225
Changes in accounts payable	-956	2 535
Changes in other operating liabilities	37 943	9 301
Total change in working capital	12 459	6 462
Cash flow from operating activities	93 753	51 048
Investment activities		
Investments in intangible fixed assets	-6 394	-
Investments in tangible fixed assets	-15 034	-6 211
Investments in businesses ¹²	-169 205	-6 853
Sale of businesses	-501	-
Changes in financial fixed assets	-937	20 982
Cash flow from investment activities	-192 071	7 918
Financing activities		
Dividend	-50 016	-22 729
Cash flow from financing activities	-50 016	-22 729
Change in liquid funds	-148 334	36 237
Opening liquid funds	226 851	186 166
Translation difference/exchange differences in liquid funds	-3 853	4 448
Closing liquid funds	74 664	226 851

¹² The part of the acquisition value assignable to Cameron Systems that consists of Orc shares does not affect the cash flow for the Group.

Geographical segments

Orc Software's risks and opportunities are mainly influenced by the company being operational within different geographical areas based on the location of customers. Thus, the primary segment division consists of the geographical areas. Orc Software's products and services are of similar character, aimed at similar client groups, distributed in a similar manner and have a similar production process. In this way the business consists of only one operating structure and information regarding the classification of the operating structure is therefore not provided.

The local operations mainly consist of sales and support efforts and in certain cases development. Functions such as Group management, legal, human resources, accounting and administration, marketing, development, etc. are located centrally and are considered joint Group resources. This means that a great part of the Group's expenses cannot be attributed to a specific geographical area in a reliable way and they therefore remain unallocated.

Revenue				
SEK thousands			Oct-Dec	Oct-Dec
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Europe	271 554	202 463	73 202	57 350
Americas	78 544	27 009	21 162	8 926
Asia/Australia	54 229	29 817	12 889	8 776
Other	13 591	18 823	3 963	3 534
Total	417 918	278 112	111 217	78 586

Operating income ¹³

		Oct-Dec	Oct-Dec
2006	2005	2006	2005
163 951	126 619	44 222	39 490
37 222	7 312	7 217	2 572
22 133	7 857	2 590	1 253
-156 027	-114 130	-32 779	-29 919
67 279	27 658	21 250	13 395
	163 951 37 222 22 133 -156 027	163 951 126 619 37 222 7 312 22 133 7 857 -156 027 -114 130	2006 2005 2006 163 951 126 619 44 222 37 222 7 312 7 217 22 133 7 857 2 590 -156 027 -114 130 -32 779

Key ratios

			Oct-dec	Oct-dec
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Operating margin, %	16.1	9.9	19.1	17.0
Return on equity, %	22	10	26	16
Return on capital employed, %	31	19	31	30
Asset turnover ratio	1.9	1.4	1.7	1.6
Equity/assets ratio, %	54	60	54	60
Average number of employees	227	186	241	200
Number of employees at the end of the period (of which women)	244 (48)	207 (38)	244 (48)	207(38)
Earnings per share, SEK	3.30	1.40	1.13	0.54
Equity per share, SEK	16.83	13.26	16.83	13.26
Share price at the end of the period, SEK	116.50	88.50	116.50	88.50

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 13}$ Income for the geographical segments is reported before joint Group costs.

Quarterly figures

Income statement

Income statement								
SEK thousands	Q4 2006	Q3 2006	Q2 2006	Q1 2006	Q4 2005	Q3 2005	Q2 2005	Q1 2005
Operating revenue								
Systems revenue Other operating revenue	96 438 14 779	93 537 10 035	97 292 12 924	77 678 15 235	64 241 14 345	56 096 9 385	56 605 11 222	56 395 9 823
Total revenue	111 217	103 572	110 216	92 913	78 586	65 481	67 827	66 218
Operating expenses								
Other expenses	-31 384	-24 421	-36 735	-29 149	-25 768	-26 117	-26 526	-22 565
Personnel costs	-51 716	-50 925	-47 529	-55 213	-35 617	-29 917	-36 079	-31 698
Depreciation, amortization and write- downs	-6 867	-5 872	-5 784	-5 044	-3 806	-3 941	-4 191	-4 228
Total expenses	-89 967	-81 218	-90 048	-89 406	-65 191	-59 975	-66 796	-58 491
Operating income	21 250	22 354	20 168	3 507	13 395	5 506	1 031	7 727
Net financial items	-1 223	227	1 070	829	972	2 413	930	1 095
Tax on net income for the period	-2 644	-7 157	-6 187	-1 330	-6 159	-2 916	-538	-2 964
Net income for the period	17 383	15 424	15 051	3 006	8 208	5 003	1 423	5 858
Net income for the period attributable to	240	411	255	-15	435	234	-330	71
the minority interest Net income for the period attributable to the Parent company's shareholders	17 143	15 013	14 796	3 021	7 773	4 769	1 753	5 787
Balance sheet								
SEK thousands	31 Dec	30 Sept	30 Jun	31 Mar	31 Dec	30 Sept	30 Jun	31 Ma
	2006	2006	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005	2005
Fixed assets Intangible assets	257 531	260 707	184 898	194 153	7 120	9 134	11 165	13 155
Tangible assets	23 670	18 432	19 143	19 987	16 364	16 287	17 244	17 890
Financial assets	15 992	11 281	8 920	8 625	6 866	7 831	31 173	28 414
Total fixed assets	297 193	290 420	212 961	222 765	30 350	33 252	59 582	59 459
Current assets Accounts receivable	83 597	83 143	67 481	71 177	48 062	43 830	43 271	41 741
Other receivables	19 633	24 035	20 865	20 308	16 719	30 416	21 207	31 267
Cash and bank	74 664	53 158	117 726	143 675	226 851	205 919	189 004	185 536
balances and short-								
term investments Total current assets	177 894	160 336	206 072	235 160	291 632	280 165	253 482	258 544
TOTAL ASSETS	475 087	450 756	419 033	457 925	321 982	313 417	313 064	318 003
Shareholders' equity	258 851	242 563	222 845	265 758	192 192	191 726	187 702	203 559
Deferred tax liability	51 219	49 189	49 512	50 865	26 260	25 718	25 881	25 335
Current non interest- bearing liabilities	165 017	159 004	146 676	141 302	103 530	95 973	99 481	89 109
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	475 087	450 756	419 033	457 925	321 982	313 417	313 064	318 003

Forthcoming financial events

April 19, 2007	Interim report for the first quarter
April 25, 2007	Annual General Meeting
July 13, 2007	Interim report for the second quarter
October 18, 2007	Interim report for the third quarter

The annual report will be available at Orc Software's Swedish office two weeks prior to the Annual General Meeting at the latest and will be distributed to shareholders.

Contact details for the nominating committee:

E-mail: nominatingcommittee@orcsoftware.com Address: Nominating Committee, Orc Software, Box 7742, SE-103 95 Stockholm, Sweden

Analyst and press meeting, and telephone conference

An analyst and press conference will be held on January 25, 2007 at 1 p.m. (CET) (in Swedish), and a telephone conference will be held at 4 p.m. (CET) (in English). Further information is available at <u>www.orcsoftware.com</u>, Company, Investor Relations, Calendar.

The Board of Directors and the CEO approved on January 24, 2007 this interim report, covering the period January-December 2006, for publication on January 25, 2007.

The Board

For further information please contact: Thomas Bill, CEO, tel: + 46 8 407 38 35 Lars Johansson, EVP, tel: +46 8 407 38 24 (until January 31)

Report on Review of Interim Financial Information

We have reviewed the interim report for the period January 1 to December 31, 2006, for Orc Software AB (publ). The Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing in Sweden RS and other generally accepted auditing practices. The procedures performed in a review do not enable us to obtain a level of assurance that would make us aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Therefore, the conclusion expressed based on a review does not give the same level of assurance as a conclusion expressed based on an audit.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information does not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the entity as at December 31, 2006, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the twelve month period then ended in accordance with IAS 34.

Stockholm January 25, 2007

Ernst & Young AB

Björn Fernström Authorized public accountant

Definitions can be found at <u>www.orcsoftware.com</u>, Company, Investor Relations, Interim Reports.

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