

PRESS RELEASE Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

AvestaPolarit Interim Report - January to September 2001

Profitability below expectations

- The market conditions for stainless steel remained difficult during the third quarter and prices were substantially below last year's levels.
- Net sales for July to September were significantly down compared to the corresponding period last year, a result of lower prices and reduced deliveries. Net sales for the third quarter amounted to EUR 631 million (EUR 809 million). Net sales for the nine months totalled EUR 2,298 million (EUR 2,717 million).
- The operating profit was EUR 4 million (EUR 94 million) for the third quarter and EUR 118 million (EUR 425 million) for the nine months. Profitability for July to September was down compared to last year and to that reported for the second quarter of 2001 as a result of lower prices, a decline in deliveries and some production problems.
- AvestaPolarit's plans to restructure its melting activities include the closure of the melting shop and billet rolling facilities in Degerfors by mid-2003 and an investment in long products casting at the Group's plant in Sheffield.
- Key figures pro forma July-Sep July-Sep Jan-Sep Jan-Sep EUR million 2001 2000 2001 2000 Net sales 631 809 2,298 2,717 94 Operating profit 4 118 425 Profit before extraordinary items 2 86 110 408 Profit for the financial period 312 6 32 83 Earnings per share, EUR 0.02 0.09 0.24 0.89 Return on capital employed, % 1.4 17.4 8.3 28.3 Net interest bearing debt at period end 393 297 393 297 Debt-to-equity ratio (gearing), % 24.4 34.0 34.0 24.4
- The short-term outlook remains uncertain.

These are pro forma figures for the full periods stated. All text comments in this review relate to the pro forma figures.

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Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

Interim Report - January to September 2001

Market conditions for the stainless steel remained difficult

World economic growth remained very weak in the third quarter. The sharp slowdown in the USA continued, and there were clear signs of a further deterioration of market conditions in Europe. Overall European industrial production is now falling year-onyear, with the manufacturing sectors in Germany and the UK being the hardest hit. In Asia, the Japanese economy is in recession, and the other major economies in that region were also adversely affected by a combination of poor domestic demand and lower exports to Europe and the USA.

Improved market conditions for stainless steel in the second quarter allowed for some price increases, but the upturn has not been sustained. Although inventory levels at stockists and service centres were reduced gradually through the first half of 2001 and are currently estimated to be at their lowest level in two years, end-user demand has weakened, particularly for cold rolled coil. Despite weaker demand in the third quarter, stainless steel base prices for cold rolled coil remained unchanged from the second quarter, as major stainless steel producers in Europe and the USA cut back production in line with demand. Asian producers reduced production as well, in response to poor domestic demand and declining exports, particularly to the USA. Demand for hot rolled coil was stronger than demand for cold rolled coil in the third quarter, notably in Asia.

Quarto plate shipments in Europe have been falling compared with the second quarter, but base prices have remained stable. During the third quarter, sales prices for long products have reduced in line with falling raw material costs. For precision strip, market demand for texture rolled products was satisfactory, although demand for austenitic material remained poor throughout the third quarter. Demand for tubular products in Europe fell in the latter part of the quarter as customers anticipated lower sales prices as a result of falling nickel prices.

The availability of stainless scrap in Europe fell significantly during the quarter, partly a result of lower primary nickel prices. Although the flow of scrap from Russia has now stabilised, export restrictions are still in place and tonnages remain substantially lower than they were before these restrictions were imposed.

Stainless steel production cuts meant that the demand for nickel remained weak and prices fell by 18 per cent during the quarter. The average nickel price for the third quarter was down 34 per cent compared to the average for the corresponding period in 2000.

Following the sharp decline in the first half of the year, ferrochrome prices stabilised during the quarter. However, third quarter prices remained historically low at 26 per cent below the corresponding period last year.

Poor result for the third quarter

Net sales for the third quarter were down by 22 per cent compared to the corresponding period last year as a result of a decrease in both sales prices and deliveries. Due to seasonal factors such as scheduled maintenance stoppages and



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

reduced customer orders during the summer break, net sales fell by 25 per cent compared to the second quarter and amounted to EUR 631 million (EUR 809 million). Stainless steel deliveries for the third quarter were down 12 per cent compared to the corresponding period last year.

The operating profit for July to September dropped sharply compared to last year and amounted to EUR 4 million (EUR 94 million), primarily due to the effect of reductions in nickel prices creating a substantial negative market adjustment to inventories, reduced deliveries and production difficulties. The decline in operational performance compared with the second quarter was caused by reduced deliveries, coupled with some production problems, partly related to the commissioning of new facilities in Avesta. The operating profit reported for July to September 2001 includes amortisation of negative goodwill of EUR 12 million (zero). The operating profit margin was 0.6 per cent (11.5 per cent).

Profit for the third quarter totalled EUR 6 million (EUR 32 million). The return on capital employed was 1.4 per cent (17.4 per cent) and earnings per share EUR 0.02 (EUR 0.09).

The cash flow from operating activities for July to September decreased compared to the second quarter and the corresponding period last year. As a result of the capital expenditure programme and an increase in working capital, net interest bearing debt increased from June by EUR 20 million to EUR 393 million.

Financial ratios - pro forma	30 Sep 2001	30 June 2001	31 Mar 2001	31 Dec 2000
Debt-to-equity ratio (gearing), %	34.0	31.4	23.6	27.2
Equity-to-assets ratio (solvency), %	41.2	41.2	42.1	41.3
Net interest bearing debt, EUR million	393	373	277	322

The debt-to-equity ratio increased in the quarter due to an increase in net interest bearing debt. The equity-to-assets ratio remained at the June 2001 level.

Sharp fall in profits for the nine months

Net sales for January to September fell 15 per cent from the corresponding period last year and amounted to EUR 2,298 million (EUR 2,717 million). The operating profit for the nine months reduced to EUR 118 million (EUR 425 million). The decline in profitability primarily resulted from a decline in conversion margins and stainless steel deliveries. The operating profit for January to September 2000 included the benefit of the SPP pension refund of EUR 42 million. The nine-month operating profit for 2001 includes amortisation of negative goodwill, EUR 33 million.

Net financial expenses were EUR 8 million (EUR 17 million) and the profit for the ninemonth financial period totalled EUR 83 million (EUR 312 million). The decline in net financial expenses results mainly from the fall in interest rates and an increase in dividends received. Earnings per share amounted to EUR 0.24 (EUR 0.89) and the return on capital employed was 8.3 per cent (28.3 per cent).



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

Investments and integration work proceeding to plan

The total capital expenditure for January to September amounted to EUR 257 million (EUR 86 million). The major investment projects at Kemi in Finland, Avesta KBR and Nyby in Sweden and Sheffield in the UK are proceeding to plan. The cost of the project to expand capacity at Tornio in Finland has increased from EUR 680 million to EUR 760 million. This increase relates to some technical changes and additional expenditure on buildings and equipment, partly related to changes in scope to improve the interface between new and existing facilities. The expansion programme in Tornio is proceeding according to schedule and will be completed by the end of 2002. The total Group capital expenditure for 2001 is estimated to amount to some EUR 430 million.

The work of numerous integration teams to exploit synergies from the merger has proceeded to plan. The projected annual synergies of more than EUR 100 million are expected to be realised in full by 2005, with the greater part being realised by 2003.

To underpin its integration targets in the current difficult and uncertain market situation, the Group has launched a project focusing on cost and capital expenditure control and revenue generation. The first effects of immediate measures are expected to materialise already during the fourth quarter of 2001.

Restructuring of the Group's melting activities announced

As part of the integration process following the combination of Outokumpu Steel Oyj and Avesta Sheffield AB, AvestaPolarit announced in August its plans to restructure the Group's melting activities. The plan entails a phased closure of the melting shop and billet rolling facilities in Degerfors, Sweden, by mid-2003 and the transfer of production to the melting shop in Sheffield, UK, where an investment of EUR 22 million will be made to install continuous casting facilities for blooms and billets. The decision means that operations at Degerfors Stainless will be discontinued. The Group's Hot Rolled Plate business in Degerfors will continue to operate from the site and focus on developing the business further to maintain its position as the world's leading producer of stainless steel quarto plate.

The Degerfors Stainless closure is estimated to lead to 330 job losses at the site. The current total number of employees at the site amounts to about 700. As Degerfors Stainless and Hot Rolled Plate share the same site, all employees of these businesses will initially be affected by the closure plans and the need to re-organise to allow for the continued production of hot rolled plate. The statutory negotiations with local union representatives concerning the closure decision were concluded in mid-October.

No provision for the restructuring has been made in these accounts as the negotiations with local union representatives were concluded after the end of the reporting period. They will be booked against the negative goodwill during the fourth quarter, but they will only affect income through a decrease of the amortisation of negative goodwill over the remaining period of approximately nine years. The current estimate for the provision is EUR 19 million.

The future annual cost benefit after the completion of this restructuring of melting activities is expected to amount to some EUR 20 million.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

Business area reviews

Coil Products

Key figures – pro forma	July-Sep	July-Sep
	2001	2000
Net sales, EUR million	453	586
Operating profit, EUR million	-2	67
Operating profit margin, %	neg.	11.4
Average number of employees	4,151	4,042

Affected by a decline in prices and delivery volumes, third quarter net sales for the Coil Products business area were down 23 per cent on the corresponding period last year. The operating profit for July to September fell sharply and amounted to a loss of EUR 2 million. The decline in profitability from last year is primarily attributable to a reduction in conversion margins and delivery volumes together with some production problems. The fall in operating profit for Coil Products from the second quarter of 2001 was affected by seasonal factors such as scheduled maintenance stoppages and holiday breaks at customers.

Production within the Coil Products business area experienced some difficulties related to the commissioning of new facilities in Avesta, Sweden, after the summer shutdown. Production problems were also experienced in Tornio, Finland. Production volumes of cold rolled products fell 6 per cent compared with the corresponding period last year. Production volumes of white hot strip were down 2 per cent on last year's figures. Slab production fell 13 per cent.

Special Products

Key figures – pro forma	July-Sep	July-Sep
	2001	2000
Net sales, EUR million	186	251
Operating profit, EUR million	9	20
Operating profit margin, %	4.8	7.8
Average number of employees	3,208	3,343

Third quarter net sales for the Special Products business area fell by 26 per cent compared to the corresponding period last year as a result of a decrease in deliveries and prices for most of its business units.

The operating profit was down 55 per cent from last year and 40 per cent from the second quarter of 2001. Operating profit for July to September amounted to EUR 9 million. The difficult trading environment and low prices prevailed and the profitability of all business units fell from the corresponding period last year.

Production at Precision Strip ran smoothly and volumes for both Precision Strip and Long Products were up compared to the corresponding period last year. Production volumes for all other business units decreased compared to the same period last year. Tubular Products was the only business unit to record an improvement in production volumes compared with the second quarter of 2001.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

North America

Key figures – pro forma	July-Sep 2001	July-Sep 2000
Net sales, EUR million	70	79
Operating profit, EUR million	-1	2
Operating profit margin, %	neg.	2.5
Average number of employees	370	368

The trading environment in the USA remained difficult during the third quarter although some price increases compared to the second quarter were witnessed. Uncertainty about the market recovery increased following the events on and after 11 September. Production within the North America business area ran smoothly, but deliveries were slightly below last year level. The business area's net sales declined 11 per cent compared to the corresponding quarter last year and amounted to EUR 70 million. The fall compared to second quarter net sales resulted mainly from the decrease in deliveries over the quiet summer season.

The operating result for the third quarter declined from the corresponding period last year, and also slightly from the second quarter, and amounted to a loss of EUR 1 million. The fall compared to last year resulted mostly from weaker conversion margins while the recent decline in profitability is attributable primarily to tougher competition in the pipe business.

On 22 October, the International Trade Commission in the USA gave its ruling of injury and concluded that all semi-finished stainless steel products are to be excluded from further investigative activities under the Section 201 investigation. The same ruling gave an affirmative injury decision for certain stainless steel long products and tubular fittings and flanges. Consequently, imports of slabs and billets will remain unaffected, while certain restrictive remedies can be anticipated with respect to the aforementioned finished products. AvestaPolarit views the ruling positively as coil imports were not affected and the Group's deliveries of semi-finished products to its North America business area will therefore be able to continue.

Short-term outlook remains uncertain

Global growth slowed further in the third quarter and prospects for the fourth quarter look poor. Business and consumer confidence in both the USA and Europe were already weak, and have been further depressed by the events in the USA on 11 September and its aftermath. The immediate impact is likely to be lower consumer spending and reduced investment spending, and forecasts of world growth for 2001 have been reduced accordingly. The authorities have responded to the situation with a series of aggressive monetary and fiscal measures aimed at stimulating growth and preventing a global recession.

Given the poor global economic background, the short-term outlook for stainless steel is depressed and a quick recovery seems unlikely. Total world stainless steel consumption is forecast to drop by some 3-5 per cent this year, illustrating the severity of the situation.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

Weak demand will continue to put downward pressure on prices, but price development will be very much dependent on the level of supply. The first half of this year saw production problems or cutbacks at a number of European mills, which restored market balance. The overall market situation is thus healthier but quite sensitive to further development of the supply and demand balance and producers' responses to it.

Although nickel prices have been on a weakening trend during 2001, prices staged a sharp recovery in mid-October. The main factor seems to have been the tight scrap availability, reflecting reduced Russian exports as well as lower scrap generation in the West, which in turn has resulted in increased consumption of primary nickel. Nevertheless, the nickel market is still characterised by excess supply, and thus the price recovery may be short-lived. In ferrochrome, despite major production cuts, demand is not expected to be strong enough to support any significant increases in price until next year.

Taking into account the difficult market situation, increased uncertainty and the fact that stainless steel base price levels at the end of September 2001 were 20 per cent below last year figures, AvestaPolarit's operating result for 2001 as a whole will remain well below last year's record levels. Due to the considerable uncertainties, it is quite difficult to provide a reliable forecast even for short-term financial performance. However, assuming selling prices remain roughly at third quarter levels, AvestaPolarit expects to see an improvement in its profitability for the last quarter of 2001. AvestaPolarit's production levels will be determined by demand, which may mean restraining output during the fourth quarter.

Stockholm, 31 October 2001 AvestaPolarit Oyj Abp



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

INCOME STATEMENT							
(summary)				F	Pro forma ³⁾		
EUR million	Jan-	Jan-	July-	July-	Jan-	Jan-	Jan-
	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Dec
	2001 ⁱ⁾	2000 ²⁾	2001	2000	2001	2000 ⁴)	2000
Net sales ⁵⁾	2,172	884	631	809	2,298	2,717	3,592
Cost and expenses 5)	-2,091	-693	-642	-716	-2,215	-2,339	-3,159
Unusual items	-	-	-	-	-	42	42
Amortisation of							
negative goodwill	33	-	12	-	33	-	-
Other operating income							
and expenses ⁵⁾	2	1	3	1	2	5	4
Operating profit	116	192	4	94	118	425	479
Equity earnings in associated companies Financial income and	0	-	0	-1	0	0	2
expenses	-8	- 4	-2	-7	-8	- 17	-21
Profit before extraordinary items	108	188	2	86	110	408	460
Extraordinary items	-	-21	-	-	-	-	-
Income taxes	-24	- 38	5	-54	-26	- 95	-116
Minority interest in							
earnings	-1	-	-1	0	- 1	- 1	-2
Profit for the financial period	83	129	6	32	83	312	342
Earnings per share , EUR	0.25	0.78	0.02	0.09	0.24	0.89	0.98

¹⁾ Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit as of 23 January 2001.

²⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only, inventory valuation based on FIFO.

³⁾ In the pro forma figures, Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit for the whole period and the group contributions granted and received by Outokumpu Steel have been eliminated from the consolidated income statement and the respective tax effect (29%) added to current taxes. The actual figures for July to September 2001 are the same as the ones shown as pro forma for the same period.

 ⁴⁾ Avesta Sheffield's net sales for the period 1-22 January 2000 amounted to EUR 121 million and operating profit EUR 13 million.

⁵⁾ Regular scrap sales and some other regular income items were reported by few business units in other operating income and expenses, and partly in cost and expenses, until the end of June 2001. In accordance with Finnish GAAP and AvestaPolarit Accounting Standards, these regular income items should be reported as net sales, which has been the case for all units since the beginning of July 2001. The cumulative effect of this correction has been allocated to the first and second quarters, affecting the amount of net sales, cost and expenses and other operating income and expenses for these periods. This has no effect on operating profit. The pro forma figures for 2000 have been corrected accordingly.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

BALANCE SHEET (summary)	Pro forma ²)				
EUR million	30 Sep	30 Sep	30 Sep	31 Dec	
	2001	20001)	2000	2000	
Fixed assets and other long-term					
investments					
Intangible assets	13	4	7	7	
Property, plant and equipment	1,380	571	1,258	1,268	
Long-term financial assets	58	12	42	62	
	1,451	587	1,307	1,337	
Current assets					
Inventories	709	225	824	771	
Receivables	584	175	690	637	
Marketable securities	1	40	60	6	
Cash and bank	61	53	84	111	
	1,355	493	1,658	1,525	
Total assets	2,806	1,080	2,965	2,862	
Shareholders' equity	1,148	669	1,208	1,173	
Minority interest	. 8	10	. 8	. 9	
Negative goodwill	443	-	479	479	
Long-term liabilities					
Interest bearing	149	104	364	313	
Non interest bearing	265	102	252	255	
	414	206	616	568	
Current liabilities					
Interest bearing	306	26	77	126	
Non interest bearing	487	169	577	507	
-	793	195	654	633	
Total shareholders' equity and					
liabilities	2,806	1,080	2,965	2,862	

Includes Outokumpu Steel only.
 In the pro forma figures, Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit and the negative goodwill reported as the final amount at combination without amortisation.

PRESS RELEASE

Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

CASH FLOW STATEMEN	т			F	Pro forma ³⁾		
(summary)	Jan-	Jan-	July-	July-	Jan-	Jan-	Jan-
EUR million	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Dec
	2001 ¹⁾	2000 ²⁾	2001	2000	2001	2000	2000
Income financing	130	188	30	71	135	430	521
Change in working							
capital	102	-21	55	37	97	-160	-157
Other adjustments to							
cash	-	- 4	-	- 3	-	- 5	-2
Cash provided by							
operating activities	232	163	85	105	232	265	362
Capital expenditure	-254	-44	-114	- 40	-257	-86	-164
Cash provided by other							
investing activities	6	5	9	2	6	-2	-12
Cash flow before							
financing activities	-16	124	-20	67	-19	177	186
Cash used in financing							
activities	-41	- 58	17	- 50	-36	-71	-177
Adjustments	-	0	-	0	-	0	0
Change in cash and							
marketable securities	-57	66	-3	17	-55	106	9

¹⁾ Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit as of 23 January 2001.

²⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only.

³⁾ In the pro forma figures, Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit for the whole period. The actual figures for July to September 2001 are the same as the ones shown as pro forma for the same period.

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PRESS RELEASE

Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

KEY FIGURES			Pro forma ³⁾				
	Jan-	Jan-	July-	July-	Jan-	Jan-	Jan-
	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Dec
	2001 ¹⁾	2000 ²⁾	2001	2000	2001	2000	2000
Operating profit margin, %							
 excl. negative goodwill ⁴⁾ 	3.8	21.7	neg.	11.6	3.7	15.6	13.3
 incl. negative goodwill 	5.3	21.7	0.6	11.6	5.1	15.6	13.3
Return on capital employed,%							
 excl. negative goodwill ⁴⁾ 	8.7	34.3	neg.	17.4	6.2	28.3	24.2
- incl. negative goodwill	11.8	34.3	1.4	17.4	8.3	28.3	24.2
Capital employed ⁵⁾ , EUR							
million	2,054	809	2,054	2,136	2,054	2,136	2,100
Net interest bearing debt ⁵⁾ ,				•			
EUR million	393	37	393	297	393	297	322
Equity-to-assets ratio ⁵⁾ , %	41.2	61.7	41.2	41.0	41.2	41.0	41.3
Debt-to-equity ratio ⁵⁾ , %	34.0	5.5	34.0	24.4	34.0	24.4	27.2
Earnings per share (excl. extraordinary items), EUR - excl. negative goodwill ⁴⁾	0.15	0.78	-0.02	0.09	0.14	0.89	0.98
 incl. negative goodwill Earnings per share, EUR 	0.25	0.78	0.02	0.09	0.24	0.89	0.98
 excl. negative goodwill ⁴⁾ 	0.15	0.67	-0.02	0.09	0.14	0.89	0.98
 incl. negative goodwill 	0.25	0.67	0.02	0.09	0.24	0.89	0.98
Adjusted average number of							
shares outstanding, '000s	327,800	193,111	348,942	348,942	348,942	348,942	348,942
Shareholders' equity per share							
⁵⁾ , EUR	3.29	3.46	3.29	3.46	3.29	3.46	3.36
Adjusted number of shares							
outstanding ⁵⁾ , '000s	348,942	193,111	348,942	348,942	348,942	348,942	348,942
Capital expenditure, EUR							
million	254	44	114	40	257	86	164
Depreciation, EUR million ⁶⁾	91	45	32	30	94	90	122
Average number of employees	8433	2,522	9,043	9,124	9,023	8,908	8,907

¹⁾ Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit as of 23 January 2001.

²⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only.

³⁾ In the pro forma figures, Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit for the whole period. The actual figures for July to September 2001 are the same as the ones shown as pro forma for the same period.

⁴⁾ Amortisation of negative goodwill deducted from profit.

⁵⁾ At the end of the period.

⁶⁾ Amortisation of negative goodwill not included.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Principles applied in the interim financial statements

General accounting principles

AvestaPolarit prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Finland ("Finnish GAAP"). The reconciliation of the profit for the financial period and equity to International Accounting Standards ("IAS") does not show any material differences, as demonstrated below.

Profit for the financial period, Jan-Sep 2001

EUR million	Actual	Pro forma
Profit for the financial period in the interim report	83	83
Unrealised gains on hedges	- 3	- 3
Profit for the financial period based on IAS	80	80

Shareholders' equity, 30 September 2001

EUR million	Actual	Pro forma
AvestaPolarit equity in the interim report	1,148	1,148
Unrealised gains on hedges	0	0
Equity based on IAS	1,148	1,148

AvestaPolarit applies the FIFO principle in the valuation of its inventories. The financial statements of AvestaPolarit are prepared by applying the acquisition method.

Changes in accounting principles

With effect from 1 January 2001, AvestaPolarit changed its accounting principles regarding pensions and post-retirement benefits as well as the treatment of metal, currency and electricity hedges. The cumulative effect of these changes amounted to EUR 2 million and this gain has been booked to the income statement during the first quarter of 2001. All changes to Avesta Sheffield's accounting principles were made prior to the combination and therefore only affect Avesta Sheffield's equity at combination and the respective calculation of negative goodwill. The capitalisation of computer software with an economic lifetime of more than three years has been accounted for in the acquired companies as of the date of the combination.

Acquisition analysis and negative goodwill

The acquisition value of Avesta Sheffield (EUR 486 million) was EUR 479 million less than the corresponding capital and reserves (EUR 965 million). The management has performed an impairment test and based on this test, no part of the consolidation difference can be attributable to identifiable assets or liabilities. Therefore, the consolidation difference is considered as negative goodwill.

Negative goodwill represents the excess of the fair value of the net assets acquired over the cost of acquisition. The remaining weighted average useful life of the non-monetary assets acquired was estimated to be 10 years. Amortisation of negative goodwill has been accounted for since completion of the combination. Some of the key financial figures have been reported by both including the effects of negative goodwill and excluding them.

Pro forma combined figures for 2000

The pro forma combined financial statements for 2000 have been prepared by adjusting the financial information of Outokumpu Steel and Avesta Sheffield to comply with uniform accounting principles and classifications based on Finnish GAAP as applied by AvestaPolarit since the combination. These adjusted figures have been combined using normal consolidation principles. The pro forma combined balance sheet for 2000 has been prepared using the final



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

amount of negative goodwill. No amortisation of negative goodwill has been accounted for in the pro forma figures.

Board of Directors' authority to increase share capital

The Board of Directors is currently not authorised to increase the share capital.

Note to the income sta	Note to the income statement		Pro forma ³)				
EUR million	Jan- Sep	Jan- Sep	July- Sep	July- Sep	Jan- Sep	Jan-Sep 2000	Jan- Dec
	2001 ¹⁾	2000 ²⁾	2001	2000	2001	2000	2000
Unusual items SPP refund in Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	42	42
Extraordinary items Group contributions Change in accounting	-	- 32	-	-	-	-	-
principle (FIFO)		11	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-21	-	-	-	-	-
Income taxes							
Current taxes	-37	-44	-9	- 51	-39	-64	- 80
Deferred taxes	13	6	14	- 4	13	- 31	- 36
	-24	- 38	5	- 55	-26	- 95	-116

Income taxes recognised for the interim period are a proportional share of the income taxes estimated for the entire financial year.

¹⁾ Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit as of 23 January 2001.

- ²⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only.
- ³⁾ In the pro forma figures, Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit for the whole period.

Commitments				<u>Pro forma</u>
EUR million	30 Sep	30 Sep	31 Dec	31 Dec
	2001	20001)	2000¹)	2000
Mortgages and pledges to secure				
borrowings of Group companies	22	6	6	19
Guarantees on behalf of other parties				
than Group companies	16	8	7	12
Minimum future lease payments on				
operating leases	65	11	8	42

¹⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only.

Euro exchange rates Average rates	July- Sep 2001	July- Sep 2000	Change %	Jan- Sep 2001	Jan- Sep 2000	Change %	Jan- Dec 2000
USD	0.89	0.91	-2.2	0.90	0.94	-4.3	0.92
SEK	9.41	8.40	12.0	9.18	8.39	9.4	8.45
GBP	0.62	0.61	1.6	0.62	0.61	1.6	0.61
Closing rates							
USD				0.91	0.88	3.4	0.93
SEK				9.73	8.53	14.1	8.83
GBP				0.62	0.60	3.3	0.62

The exchange rates are quoted by the European Central Bank.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

Financial indicators by

Pro forma ³)								
July-	Apr-	Jan-	Oct-	Jul-	Apr-	Jan-		
Sep	June	Mar	Dec	Sep	June	Mar		
2001	2001	2001	2000	2000	2000	2000		
631	837	830	875	809	981	927		
4	80	34	54	94	152	179		
2	76	32	52	86	148	174		
0.02	0.15	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.37	0.43		
0.02	0.15	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.37	0.43		
	Sep 2001 631 4 2 0.02	Sep June 2001 2001 631 837 4 80 2 76 0.02 0.15	Sep June Mar 2001 2001 2001 631 837 830 4 80 34 2 76 32 0.02 0.15 0.07	Sep June Mar Dec 2001 2001 2000 2000 631 837 830 875 4 80 34 54 2 76 32 52 0.02 0.15 0.07 0.08	Sep June Mar Dec Sep 2001 2001 2001 2000 2000 631 837 830 875 809 4 80 34 54 94 2 76 32 52 86 0.02 0.15 0.07 0.08 0.09	Sep June Mar Dec Sep June 2001 2001 2001 2000 2000 2000 631 837 830 875 809 981 4 80 34 54 94 152 2 76 32 52 86 148 0.02 0.15 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.37		

Key financial figure	Pro forma ³)						
EUR million	Jan-	Jan-	July-	July-	Jan-	Jan-	Jan-
	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Dec
	2001 ¹⁾	2000 ²⁾	2001	2000	2001	2000	2000
Net sales ⁴⁾							
Coil Products	1,618	-	453	587	1,702	1,969	2,602
Special Products	636	-	186	251	680	843	1,114
North America	206	-	70	79	222	245	324
Other operations	910	-	292	328	984	1,103	1,459
Intra-group sales	-1,198	-	-370	-436	-1,290	-1,443	-1,907
Total for the Group	2,172	884	631	809	2,298	2,717	3,592
Operating profit							
Coil Products	50	-	-2	67	56	303	341
Special Products	34	-	9	20	35	92	104
North America	-2	-	-1	2	-3	10	11
Other operations 6)	38	-	10	10	35	44	50
Intra-group items	-4	-	-12	- 5	-5	-24	-27
Total for the Group	116	192	4	94	118	425	479

¹⁾ Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit as of 23 January 2001.

²⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only.

³⁾ In the pro forma figures Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit for the whole period.

⁴⁾ See note 5 under income statement.

⁵⁾ Most of Outokumpu Steel's taxes and group contributions in 2000 were booked during the third and fourth quarters, which influences the earnings per share figures respectively.

⁶⁾ Operating profit 2001 for 'Other operations' includes amortisation of negative goodwill.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

Production of

main products				P	ro forma ³)		
1,000 tonnes	Jan-	Jan-	July-	July-	Jan-	Jan-	Jan-
	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Sep	Dec
	20011 ⁾	2000 ²⁾	2001	2000	2001	2000	2000
Coil Products							
Steel slab	1,051.4	471.7	320.5	369.1	1,102.5	1,240.4	1,536.4
Cold rolling mill							
production							
- cold rolled	554.8	313.0	159.0	168.7	574.7	612.6	827.9
- white hot strip	224.6	87.3	63.6	64.7	237.3	261.5	362.9
Special Products							
Ferrochrome	173.0	194.5	47.5	65.6	173.0	195.0	261.0
Tubes and tube							
fittings	42.1	25.5	16.2	13.4	45.0	58.0	75.3
Quarto plate	40.9	-	12.0	14.0	45.0	56.0	74.3
Long products	127.8	-	36.0	35.0	140.0	140.0	209.0
Precision strip	18.4	-	5.4	5.3	20.0	18.0	26.6
North America							
Quarto plate, bar							
and tubes	53.7	-	18.8	17.7	57.5	57.6	74.2

¹⁾ Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit as of 23 January 2001.

²⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only.

³⁾ In the pro forma figures Avesta Sheffield has been consolidated into AvestaPolarit for the whole period.

Open derivative instruments	Carrying	Fair	Contract amounts			
	value	value			<u>Pro forma</u>	
EUR million	30 Sep	30 Sep	30 Sep	31 Dec	31 Dec	
	2001	2001	2001	2000 ¹⁾	2000	
Financial derivatives						
 Forward foreign exchange contracts 	-4	-4	226	190	414	
Metal derivatives ²)						
 Forward nickel contracts 	-3	-3	2,766	612	1,842	
Electricity derivatives						
- Forward electricity contracts ³⁾	-	0	63,500	-	-	

¹⁾ Includes Outokumpu Steel only.
 ²⁾ Contract amounts of nickel derivatives in tonnes.

³⁾ Contract amounts of electricity derivatives in MWh.

The derivative transactions have been made for hedging purposes. The fair value of derivatives indicates the result of those transactions if the deals were closed at the date of the balance sheet.



Stockholm, 31 October 2001 at 13:00 hrs

Metal market prices Average prices		July- Sep 2001	July- Sep 2000	Jan- Sep 2001	Jan- Sep 2000	Change %	Jan- Dec 2000
Stainless steel							
 transaction price 	EUR/kg	1.75	2.29	1.69	2.06	-18.0	2.07
- base price	EUR/kg	1.35	1.68	1.28	1.52	-15.8	1.52
- conversion margin	EUR/kg	0.92	1.24	0.86	1.08	-20.4	1.08
Ferrochrome (Cr-content)	USD/Ib	0.31	0.42	0.34	0.41	-17.1	0.41
	EUR/kg	0.76	1.02	0.83	0.96	-13.5	0.98
Nickel	USD/Ib	2.49	3.75	2.83	4.10	-31.0	3.92
	EUR/kg	6.17	9.14	6.97	9.59	-27.3	9.35

Sources:

Stainless steel: CRU –	German transaction price, base price and conversion margin (2mm cold
rolled	304 sheet). CRU estimate of prices for deliveries made in Germany
during	the period.
Ferrochrome: CRU –	High carbon ferrochrome, 50-55% Cr.
Nickel: Londor	n Metal Exchange (LME) cash quotations.

Definitions of key figures

Capital employed	=	Total assets – non interest bearing liabilities	
Return on capital employed	=	Profit before extraordinary items + interest expenses + other financial expenses Capital employed (average for period)	_ x 100
Interest bearing debt	=	Total interest bearing debt - cash and marketable securities	
Equity-to-assets ratio	=	Shareholders' equity + minority interest Total assets - advances received	x 100
Debt-to-equity ratio	=	Net interest bearing debt Shareholders' equity + minority interest	x 100
Earnings per share (excluding extraordinary items)	=	Profit before extraordinary items – income taxes - minority interest in earnings Adjusted average number of shares during the period	-
Earnings per share	=	Profit for the financial period Adjusted average number of shares during the period	-
Shareholders' equity per share	=	Shareholders' equity Adjusted number of shares at the end of the period	
Working capital	=	Inventories + Receivables – Non interest bearing short term liabilities (excluding non cash items)	