## INTERIM REPORT JANUARY-MARCH2005

- Net total sales grew by 8.9 percent to SEK 217.2 million (199.5)
- Operating profit was SEK 6.1 million (5.3)
- Net earnings came to SEK -0.7 million (4.3) after IFRS-related adjustments of SEK -5.3 million (0.5)
- Earnings per share amounted to SEK -0.12 (0.73)
- Good earnings growth at Printing Works
- Operating profit in 2005 is expected to at least match the level reached the previous year


## OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS PER QUARTER



TOTAL SALES
12-MONTHS MOVING AVERAGE


## Letter from the CEO

The advertising market continued to improve during the first quarter. Industry statistics show growth of just over 2 percent in advertising in the daily press during the period January-February. Both VLT and TTELA increased their advertising revenues during the quarter, while Ingress Media recorded a slight decrease.
Circulation revenues grew by almost 5 percent as a result of price rises which more than compensated for a drop in average circulation to $116,316(118,947)$.
VLT reported improved operating profit, but TTELA's earnings were lower, due mainly to higher costs for the new merged newspaper. Ingress Media reported reduced earnings, primarily as a result of lower advertising revenues and higher costs. Prolog also had a slightly weaker first quarter in terms of earnings, due to rebuilding costs at the premises of the new merged distribution operation with EskilstunaKuriren.
VLT Press had very good capacity utilisation during the first quarter, primarily due to increased page numbers for a number of large customers. Margins have improved but are generally still under pressure. Since the end of the period the contract for printing Stockholm City, which was due to expire on 1 April, has been extended by two months to the end of May. This does not change our view that 2005 will be a challenging year for VLT Press. Västsvenskt Tidningstryckeri AB continues to perform well.
Electronic Media's revenues fell by almost a quarter, due mainly to the disposal of operations at the Internet companies at the end of 2004. However, sharply reduced costs at Leanback meant that the business area still reported a lower operating loss. TVCheck recorded a slightly reduced operating profit, and Bra Radio a reduced loss. The organisational changes made substantially reduced Leanback's losses through lower costs despite a weak start to the year.
Operating profit improved to SEK 6.1 million (5.3). Net earnings for the period came to SEK -0.7 million (4.3) after IFRS-related adjustments of SEK -5.3 million (0.5).
As at 25 April 2005 VLT's share price had fallen by 3.1 percent since the beginning of the year to SEK 110, while the Stockholmsbörsen O-list gained 9.5 percent during the same period.
Our expectations are unchanged. All in all, we expect operating profit in 2005 to at least match the level reached the previous year.
Lennart Foss,
CEO and Group President

## ONE YEAR PRICE TREND



## Group overview January-March 2005

## Market

The group's advertising market improved overall. VLT, the group's largest newspaper, increased its advertising revenues by 7.2 percent. TTELA in Trollhättan and Vänersborg also increased its revenues, while Ingress Media's newspapers in the rest of Västmanland saw revenues fall back somewhat. According to the Institute for Advertising and Media Statistics (IRM) monthly index, advertising in the daily press grew by 2.2 percent during the period January-February 2005. The IRM's forecast for 2005 is for expenditure on advertising in traditional media to grow by 3.5 percent.

## January-March 2005

The group's net total sales amounted to SEK 217.2 million (199.5), an increase of 8.9 percent. The newspaper distribution operation in Södermanland acquired and integrated with effect from January 2005 boosted revenues by SEK 13.8 million. As part of the acquisition, Es-kilstuna-Kuriren AB now holds a 40 percent stake in the distribution business. For other comparable units, the VLT group's revenues grew by 2.1 percent. Newspapers (including the distribution operation) accounts for around 70 percent of the group's sales and grew its revenues by 13.6 percent. Continued good capacity utilisation at Printing Works contributed to growth in revenues of 3.5 percent to SEK 59.6 million (57.6). This growth was due mainly to price compensation for higher material costs. Electronic Media's revenues fell by 24.7 percent, due mainly to the disposal of the ADX and Hosting business areas.
The group's operating profit was SEK 6.1 million (5.3), an increase of 15.1 percent. This corresponds to an operating margin of 2.8 percent (2.6). These figures include income of SEK 1.5 million (0.7) from investments in associated companies. Newspapers reported slightly lower operating profit as a result of lower earnings at Ingress Media and Tvåstads Tidning, together with rebuilding costs at the distribution operation in Västerås. Good capacity utilisation and increased income from investments in associated companies contributed to a substantial improvement in earnings at Printing Works. Electronic Media reported a lower loss than for the first quarter of 2004, due partly to lower losses at the Internet business.
Net financial items were negative. The restatement of financial instruments in accordance with IAS 39 resulted in financial items for the period being adjusted by SEK -5.3 million (0.5).
Net earnings for the period came to SEK -0.7 million (4.3) after IFRSrelated adjustments of SEK -5.3 million (0.5). Earnings per share amounted to SEK -0.12 (0.73).
The group's liquid funds grew by SEK 24.4 million. Cash flow from operations amounted to SEK 28.9 million (17.7).

## Transition to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The 2004 annual report (page 42) presented information on the most significant effects of the transition from Swedish GAAP to IFRS. For VLT, it is the rules on financial instruments in IAS 39 that have had the greatest impact on both equity and earnings. Due to the transition to IFRS, some holdings in unlisted companies must now be carried at market value based on the latest published and known information on their financial performance.
This change means that the comparative figures for 2004 in this interim report differ from those presented in the annual report on the basis of the old rules. A reconciliation of the differences for the full year 2004 and the period January-March 2004 between reporting under Swedish GAAP and IFRS can be found in the tables on page 5.

## Operations

## Newspapers

Revenues grew by 13.6 percent to SEK 153.6 million (135.2). Excluding revenues from the distribution operation in Södermanland integrated with effect from 1 January 2005, comparable revenues grew by 3.4 percent. Advertising revenues grew by 2.4 percent to SEK 64.0 million (62.5). VLT and TTELA increased their advertising revenues, while Ingress Media reported a slight decrease. Increased subscription prices meant that circulation revenues grew by 4.9 percent to SEK 46.9 million (44.7). Average circulation fell by 2,631 copies to 116,316 . The distribution operation generated revenues of SEK 36.0 million (22.0). The newspaper distribution operation in Södermanland boosted distribution revenues by SEK 13.8 million. Other newspaperrelated revenues amounted to SEK 6.7 million (6.0).
Operating profit deteriorated somewhat to SEK 7.7 million (8.3). This corresponds to an operating margin of 5.0 (6.1). VLT reported growth in revenues and good cost control, and improved its operating profit. TTELA recorded lower operating profit, due primarily to increased costs for the merged newspaper, including the transfer of printing to Gothenburg and a Saturday edition. Ingress Media reported slightly lower operating profit due to a slight drop in advertising revenues and an increase in personnel costs as a result of the change in technology. The distribution operation reported a slightly lower operating profit due to rebuilding costs at the premises in Västerås.

## CIRCULATION AND ADVERTISING

JANUARY - MARCH 2005

|  | Average circulation <br> (copies) | Advertising volume <br> (col. meters)*) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| VLT | 46,992 | $-1,036$ | 2,897 |
| TTELA | 30,991 | -553 | 1,726 |
| Arboga Tidning | 3,831 | -153 |  |
| Bärgslagsbladet | 9,136 | -239 | 914 |
| Sala Allehanda | 9,600 | -259 | 1,004 |
| Fagersta-Posten | 8,048 | -248 | 939 |
| Avesta Tidning | 7,718 | -143 | 982 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 6 , 3 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{- 2 , 6 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 6 2}$ |

*) Comparisons with 2004 are not relevant due to the change to tabloid format and to six columns and modules at Vestmanlands Läns Tidning in October 2004, the creation of TTELA through the merger of the two former newspapers in December 2004, and the change to six columns and modules at Ingress's newspapers in February 2005.

## Printing Works

Revenues grew by 3.5 percent to SEK 59.6 million (57.6). Capacity utilisation was good, while the general level of prices in the market remained under pressure.
Operating profit improved substantially to SEK 4.3 million (1.7). The increase was due primarily to increased page numbers on a number of large contracts. Margins are generally still under pressure. The contract with Stockholm City has been extended by a further two months to the end of May 2005. The figures above include income of SEK 1.4 million (0.7) from the investment in associated company Västsvenskt Tidningstryckeri AB.

## Electronic Media

Revenues fell by 24.7 percent to SEK 6.1 million (8.1). The decrease was due to the disposal of the ADX and Hosting business areas at the end of 2004. Bra Radio and TVCheck recorded unchanged revenues relative to the first quarter of 2004.
Operating losses decreased to SEK 0.5 million (0.8). The Internet business reported a substantially lower loss after the organisational changes made. Bra Radio recorded a slightly lower loss than in the first quarter of 2004. TVCheck's operating profit fell slightly.

## Financial position, investments and personnel

The group had liquid funds of SEK 117.7 million at the end of the period, an increase of SEK 24.4 million since the beginning of the year. The group also had unused overdraft facilities of SEK 50.0 million. Interest-bearing liabilities totalled SEK 58.1 million (58.5). No loans were taken out during the period, and no repayments were made. Cash flow from operations amounted to SEK 28.9 million (17.7). The equity ratio was 55.7 percent (57.0).
The group invested SEK 4.8 million (4.9) in fixed assets during the period. The average number of employees was 1,002 (858). The integration of the newspaper distribution operation in Södermanland accounted for 132 of the 144 new employees.

## Parent company

The parent company VLT AB's activities comprise group management and central group services plus property and financial management. Its income for the period, essentially rent and other fees from subsidiaries, amounted to SEK 10.1 million (10.7). The company recorded a loss after financial items of SEK 5.5 million (3.7). Liquid funds amounted to SEK 116.5 million (58.3) at the end of the period. The company also had unused overdraft facilities of SEK 50.0 million. Interest-bearing liabilities totalled SEK 50.0 million (50.0). No loans were taken out during the period, and no repayments were made. Investments in fixed assets amounted to SEK 2.2 million (0.9). The average number of employees during the period was 48 (47).

QUARTERLY FIGURES (SEK M)

|  | 2003 |  |  | 2004 |  | III | 2005 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 |  | IV | 1 |
| Total sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newspapers | 137.2 | 121.7 | 146.1 | 135.2 | 140.1 | 129.5 | 154.9 | 153.6 |
| Printing Works | 58.9 | 42.2 | 53.6 | 57.6 | 53.8 | 49.5 | 64.7 | 59.6 |
| Electronic Media | 7.6 | 7.5 | 8.8 | 8.1 | 9.5 | 8.1 | 9.9 | 6.1 |
| Other | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| Total | 204.3 | 172.0 | 209.2 | 201.6 | 204.0 | 187.7 | 230.0 | 219.6 |
| Operating profit/loss |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newspapers | 10.7 | 5.2 | 12.9 | 8.3 | 9.6 | 7.2 | 14.6 | 7.7 |
| Printing Works | 7.3 | -3.5 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 6.6 | 4.3 |
| Electronic Media | -2.4 | -2.2 | -1.6 | -0.8 | -0.9 | -1.3 | -1.8 | -0.5 |
| Other | -4.9 | -2.0 | -4.2 | -3.9 | -4.9 | -3.2 | -6.4 | -5.4 |
| Total | 10.7 | -2.5 | 11.3 | 5.3 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 13.0 | 6.1 |
| Operating margin \% | 5.2 | neg. | 5.4 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 5.6 | 2.8 |
| Cashflow from |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current operations | 33.5 | - 1.7 | 45.0 | 17.7 | 28.5 | 1.3 | 46.0 | 28.,9 |
| Investment activities | -23.9 | - 0.7 | - 2.9 | -4.5 | -6.2 | -5.7 | -5.8 | -4.5 |
| Financial activities | - 6.5 | 3.6 | - 3.5 | - | -23.5 | - | - | - |
| Total | 3.1 | 1.2 | 38.6 | 13.2 | -1.2 | -4.4 | 40.2 | 24.4 |

## PROFIT \& LOSS STATEMENT (SEK M)

|  | January-March |  | Full-Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 | 2004 | Change \% | 2004 |
| Income |  |  |  |  |
| Net total sales | 217.2 | 199.5 | 8.9 | 814.6 |
| Other operating income | 2.1 | 1.6 | 31.2 | 6.6 |
| Rental income | 0.3 | 0.5 | -40.0 | 2.1 |
| Total | 219.6 | 201.6 | 8.9 | 823.3 |
| Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Raw materials and suppliers | - 41.5 | - 41.0 | 1.2 | -159.6 |
| Distribution costs | - 19.4 | - 18.5 | 4.9 | - 77.0 |
| Other external costs | - 33.8 | - 31.4 | 7.6 | -135.5 |
| Personnel costs | -104.7 | - 89.7 | 16.7 | -365.5 |
| Depreciation and amortization | - 13.6 | - 14.1 | -3.5 | - 56.1 |
| Other operating costs | - 2.0 | - 2.3 | -13.0 | - 6.4 |
| Total | -215.0 | -197.0 | 9.1 | -800.1 |
| Share of associated companies' profit/loss | 1.5 | 0.7 | 114.3 | 6.5 |
| Operating profit | 6.1 | 5.3 | 15.1 | 29.7 |
| Financial items |  |  |  |  |
| Profit from sundry securities a |  |  |  |  |
| fixed asset receivables | - 5.5*) | - | - | 20.5 |
| Sundry interest income and similar items | 0.6*) | 0.8 | -25.0 | 1.4 |
| Interest expense and similar items | - 0.5 | - 0.5 | - | - 2.4 |
| Profit after financial items | 0.7 | 5.6 | -87.5 | 49.2 |
| Tax | - 1.4 | - 1.4 |  | - 8.3 |
| Minority interest | - | 0.1 |  | - |
| Profit after tax | - 0.7 | 4.3 | -116.3 | 40.9 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | -0.12 | 0.73 |  | 6.95 |
| Number of shares, ('000) | 5881 | 5881 |  | 5881 |

## INCOME AND OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS PER BUSINESS SECTOR (SEK M)

Januari-March Full-Year

|  | 2005 | 2004 | Change \% | 2004 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Income |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Newspapers | $\mathbf{1 5 3 . 6}$ | 135.2 | 13.6 | 559.7 |
| Printing Works | $\mathbf{5 9 . 6}$ | 57.6 | 3.5 | 225.6 |
| Electronic Media | 6.1 | 8.1 | -24.7 | 35.6 |
| Other | $\mathbf{0 . 3}$ | 0.7 | -57.1 | 2.4 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 1 9 . 6}$ | 201.6 | 8.9 | 823.3 |


| Operating profit/loss |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Newspapers | $\mathbf{7 . 7}$ | 8.3 | -7.2 | 39.7 |
| Printing Works | $\mathbf{4 . 3}$ | 1.7 | 152.9 | 13.2 |
| Electronic Media | $\mathbf{- 0 . 5}$ | -0.8 | 37.5 | -4.8 |
| Other | $\mathbf{- 5 . 4}$ | -3.9 | -38.5 | -18.4 |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 . 1}$ | 5.3 | 15.1 | 29.7 |

KEY OPERATIONAL DATA (SEK M)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} y-\text { March } \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2004 | Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Newspapers |  |  |  |
| Advertising revenue | 64.0 | 62.5 | 2.4 |
| Advertising volume, column metres | 8,462*) |  |  |
| Circulation revenue | 46.9 | 44.7 | 4.9 |
| Circulation, no. of copies | 116,316 | 119,068 | -2.2 |
| Printing Works |  |  |  |
| Processing per employee | 0.230 |  |  |

*) Comparisons with 2004 are not relevant due to the change to tabloid format and to six columns and modules at Vestmanlands Läns Tidning in October 2004, the creation of TTELA through the merger of the two former newspapers in December 2004, and the change to six columns and modules at Ingress's newspapers in February 2005.

## BALANCE SHEET (SEK M)

|  | 31 March |  | 31 Dec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 | 2004 | 2004 |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |
| Intangible fixed assets | 12.6 | 10.6 | 12.9 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 385.1 | 420.6 | 394.0 |
| Financial fixed assets | 114.8 | 111.1 | 118.7 |
| Fixed assets | 512.5 | 542.3 | 525.6 |
| Stocks \& inventories | 5.8 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Current receivables | 126.9 | 115.6 | 119.8 |
| Current investments | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| Cash and bank | 117.7 | 58.7 | 93.3 |
| Current assets | 252.0 | 182.4 | 220.9 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 764.5 | 724.7 | 746.5 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |  |
| Restricted shareholders' equity | 177.7 | 155.8 | 171.7 |
| Non-restricted shareholders' equity | 247.8 | 257.4 | 254.5 |
| Shareholders' equity | 425.5 | 413.2 | 426.2 |
| Minority interests | 0.6 | - | - |
| Provisions for retirement pensions | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.2 |
| Deferred tax | 61.3 | 54.8 | 61.4 |
| Provisions | 69.4 | 63.3 | 69.6 |
| Amounts due to credit institutions | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| Other liabilities | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Long-term liabilities | 50.1 | 50.1 | 50.1 |
| Current liabilities | 218.9 | 198.1 | 200.6 |
| TOTAL EQUITY |  |  |  |
| AND LIABILITIES | 764.5 | 724.7 | 746.5 |

CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (SEK M)

|  | January-March 2005 Restrict. Unrestrict. Total |  |  | January-March 2004 Restrict. Unrestrict. Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At beginning |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of the period | 171.7 | 254.5 | 426.2 | 155.1 | 253.8 | 408.9 |
| Movements between restricted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and non-restricted | 6.0 | - 6.0 | - | 0.7 | - 0.7 |  |
| Profit for the period |  | - 0.7 | - 0.7 |  | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| At end of the period | 177.7 | 247.8 | 425.5 | 155.8 | 257.4 | 413.2 |

KEY FINANCIAL DATA

|  | January-March |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 2004 |
| Operating margin, \% | $\mathbf{2 . 8}$ | 2.6 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | $\mathbf{- 0 . 1 2}$ | 0.73 |
| Return on shareholders' equity, \% <br> Return on <br> capital employed, \% | $\mathbf{8 . 6}$ |  |
| .) |  |  |

Cash flow from current operations,
per share, SEK
4.91
3.01
*) Based on 12 months moving average. Comparative figures for 2004 are not relevant
due to transition to IFRS 1 January 2004.

|  | 31 March | 31 March |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 2004 |
| Share price, SEK | $\mathbf{1 0 9 . 5 0}$ | 97.00 |
| Shareholders' equity per share, SEK | $\mathbf{7 2 . 3 5}$ | 70.26 |
| Price/shareholders' equity, \% | $\mathbf{1 5 1}$ | 138 |
| Equity/assets ratio, \% | $\mathbf{5 5 . 7}$ | 57.0 |

COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR 2004 - IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES DUE TO TRANSITION TO IFRS

| PROFIT AND LOSS | January-March 2004 |  |  | January-December 2004 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUMMARY (SEK M) | IFRS | Change | Swedish <br> GAAP | IFRS | Change | Swedish GAAP |
| Operating income | 201.6 | - | 201.6 | 823.3 | - | 823.3 |
| Operating costs | -197.0 | - | -197.0 | -800.1 | 0.1 | -800.0 |
| Share of associated companies' profit/loss | 0.7 | - | 0.7 | 6.5 | - | 6.5 |
| Operating profit | 5.3 | - | 5.3 | 29.7 | 0.1 | 29.8 |
| Financial income | 0.8 | -0.5 | 0.3 | 21.9 | -9.4 | 12.5 |
| Financial costs | -0.5 | -0.1 | -0.6 | -2.4 | - | -2.4 |
| Profit after financial items | 5.6 | -0.6 | 5.0 | 49.2 | -9.3 | 39.9 |
| Tax | -1.4 | 0.1 | -1.3 | -8.3 | -0.1 | -8.4 |
| Minority interests | 0.1 | - | 0.1 | - | - | - |
| Profit after tax | 4.3 | -0.5 | 3.8 | 40.9 | -9.4 | 31.5 |
| BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY (SEK M) | 31 March 2004 |  |  | 31 December 2004 |  |  |
|  | IFRS | Change | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Swedish } \\ \text { GAAP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | IFRS | Change | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Swedish } \\ \text { GAAP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intangible fixed assets. | 10.6 | - | 10.6 | 12.9 | - | 12.9 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 420.6 | 3.8 | 424.4 | 394.0 | 4.0 | 398.0 |
| Financial fixed assets | 111.1 | -73.0 | 38.1 | 118.7 | -82.3 | 36.4 |
| Fixed assets | 542.3 | -69.2 | 473.1 | 525.6 | -78.3 | 447.3 |
| Stocks $\mathcal{E}$ inventories | 6.4 | - | 6.4 | 6.4 | - | 6.4 |
| Current receivables | 115.6 | - | 115.6 | 119.8 | - | 119.8 |
| Current investments | 1.7 | -1.3 | 0.4 | 1.4 | -1.0 | 0.4 |
| Cash and bank | 58.7 | - | 58.7 | 93.3 | - | 93.3 |
| Current assets | 182.4 | -1.3 | 181.1 | 220.9 | -1.0 | 219.9 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 724.7 | -70.5 | 654.2 | 746.5 | -79.3 | 667.2 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restricted shareholders' equity | 155.8 | - | 155.8 | 171.7 | - | 171.7 |
| Non-restricted shareholders' equity | 257.4 | -71.1 | 186.3 | 254.5 | -80.0 | 174.5 |
| Shareholders' equity | 413.2 | -71.1 | 342.1 | 426.2 | -80.0 | 346.2 |
| Minority interests | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Provisions for retirement pensions | 8.5 | 0.6 | 9.1 | 8.2 | 0.7 | 8.9 |
| Deferred tax | 54.8 | - | 54.8 | 61.4 | - | 61.4 |
| Provisions | 63.3 | 0.6 | 63.9 | 69.6 | 0.7 | 70.3 |
| Amounts due to credit institutions | 50.0 | - | 50.0 | 50.0 | - | 50.0 |
| Other liabilities | 0.1 | - | 0.1 | 0.1 | - | 0.1 |
| Long-term liabilities | 50.1 | - | 50.1 | 50.1 | - | 50.1 |
| Current liabilities | 198.1 | - | 198.1 | 200.6 | - | 200.6 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 724.7 | -70.5 | 654.2 | 746.5 | -79.3 | 667.2 |

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT (SEK M)

|  | January-March |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Full-Year } \\ 2004 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 | 2004 |  |
| Current operations |  |  |  |
| Operating profit | 6.1 | 5.3 | 29.7 |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |
| Depreciation \& amortization | 13.6 | 14.1 | 56.1 |
| Share in associated company | -1.5 | - 0.7 | - 6.5 |
| Sundry | -0.5 | - 0.4 | - 3.8 |
| Total | 17.7 | 18.3 | 83.1 |
| Net financial items | -0.1 | - 0.3 | 10.1 |
| Income tax paid | -2.5 | -2.5 | - 0.5 |
| Total | 15.1 | 15.5 | 92.7 |
| Change in working capital | 13.8 | 2.2 | 0.8 |
| Cash flow from current operations | 28.9 | 17.7 | 93.5 |
| Investment operations |  |  |  |
| Investments in fixed assets | -4.8 | - 4.9 | -23.4 |
| Sale of fixed assets | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.2 |
| Cash flow from investment operations | -4.5 | -4.5 | -22.2 |
| Financial operations |  |  |  |
| Divedend paid | - |  | -23.5 |
| Cash flow from |  |  |  |
| financial operations |  | - | -23.5 |
| Changes in liquid funds | 24.4 | 13.2 | 47.8 |

## ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

This interim report has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IAS 34).
The report has not been reviewed by the company's auditors.

## Company description

The group's business comprises newspaper publishing, distribution, printing, Internet and radio operations, and the registration and quality control of television and newspaper advertising.

The Newspapers business area publishes newspapers in eight locations with a combined circulation of 116.316 copies. These newspapers are: VLT in Västerås, Bärgslagsbladet in Köping, Arboga Tidning, Sala Allehanda, Fagersta-Posten, Avesta Tidning and TTELA in Trollhättan and Vänersborg. The business area also includes newspaper distribution, the distribution of direct advertising, and stakes in Internet developer CityGate ( $9 \%$ ) and newspaper distributor Västsvensk Tidningsdistribution KB (11.1\%).
The Printing Works business area comprises VLT Press, which operates a state-of-the-art plant in Västerås, and a $10 \%$ stake in newspaper printer Västsvenskt Tidningstryckeri AB
The Electronic Media business area is involved in the Internet sector through the development and sale of tools for digital communication at Leanback Sweden. It is also involved in local radio through Bra Radio, which operates radio station Rix FM 106,1 in Västmanland. The registration and quality control of television and newspaper advertising are provided by the company TVCheck.
The Company has approximately 518 (1067) shareholders.

## Financial calender

Interim report January - June
22 Augusti 2005
Interim report January - September
14 November 2005

## Visit VLT AB's website

Reports, press releases and more can be found on VLT AB's website at www.vltab.com

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