Press Release

SKANSKA'S NINE MONTH REPORT January - September 2000

Sharp growth in sales and earnings

- Order bookings rose by 33 percent
- Order backlog totaled SEK 133,770 M (82,421)
- Net sales rose by 24 percent
- Operating income of the Group's core business totaled SEK 3,492 M (1,605), an increase of 118 percent

Strong earnings in the Skanska USA, Skanska Sweden and Project Development and Real Estate business areas explain the increases.

- Operating income totaled SEK 4,907 M (5,611)
 In the income statement, the item called "Items affecting comparability," which is part of operating income, was lower than last year, amounting to SEK 1,040 M (3,280)
- Income after financial items totaled SEK 6,449 M (5,622)
- Net profit per share rose by 28 percent to SEK 48.00 on a twelve month rolling basis

Claes Björk, President and CEO of Skanska, commented on the Nine Month Report: "We are pursuing our strategy: We have strengthened our market position in new and existing geographic markets and have thereby also been able to grow in new market segments with higher growth and profitability. This report shows strong growth, even disregarding the effect that acquired businesses contribute. This is a result of the Group's collective competence.

"This year's income, both in Skanska's core business and after financial items, will be significantly better than in 1999."

Stockholm, November 2, 2000 Skanska AB

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Nine month highlights		
	Jan -	Sep
	2000	1999
SEK M		
Net sales	70,459	56,839
Operating income, gross	1,729	1,517
Operating income	4,907	5,611
Income after financial items	6,449	5,622
Operating margin in construction, %	2.3	2.5
Return on capital employed, %	30.1	29.9
Net profit per share, SEK ¹	48.0	33.0
Investments, gross	11,626	6,687
Order bookings	86,420	65,062
Order backlog	133,770	82,421
1) Calculated on a 12-month rolling basis		

SKANSKA NINE MONTH REPORT, JANUARY – SEPTEMBER 2000

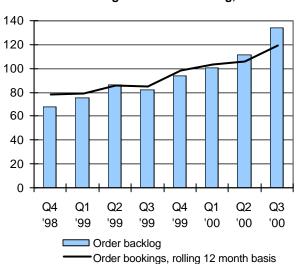
Skanska is continuing to consolidate its strategy: To grow organically and via acquisitions in selected markets and use the Group's expertise to grow in market segments with major development potential.

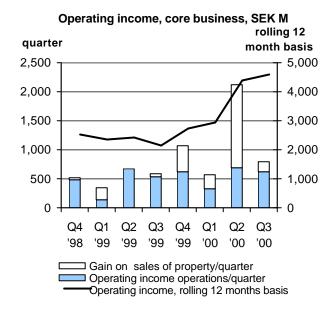
Skanska showed continued strong organic growth in its main markets. The rate of organic growth in order bookings was 20 percent, which represents rapid growth in an international comparison with other companies in the construction sector. In addition, the acquisitions that Skanska has made in Eastern and Central Europe, Norway and the United States further increased its total growth rate. Continued successful integration of acquisitions is a top priority.

Late in the report period, Skanska signed an agreement with Ericsson making it possible to expand third generation mobile telephone networks (UMTS) globally. Through the acquisition of companies as well as the Group's expertise, Skanska can offer global expansion of mobile networks on a turnkey basis, from planning and design to implementation.

Despite its rapid growth rate, Skanska maintained or strengthened its overall profitability. The Danish-based Bygg Sjaelland division, part of the Skanska Europe business area, showed a loss, however, which adversely impacted Skanska Europe's earnings for the period. The reason for the loss was additional loss provisions related to two projects. A restructuring program was initiated in this division.

Order bookings and Order backlog, SEK bn





ORDER BOOKINGS AND BACKLOG

The Group's order bookings for January-September 2000 totaled SEK 86,420 M (65,062). This represented a 33 percent increase. Order bookings on a rolling twelve month basis totaled SEK 118,252 M, equivalent to an increase of 22 percent compared to the full year 1999.

On September 30, 2000, Skanska's order backlog stood at SEK 133,770 M (82,421), representing a 62 percent increase. Operations outside Sweden accounted for 87 (84) percent of order backlog. Compared to year-end 1999, order backlog rose by 43 percent. Order backlog was equivalent to 1.3 years of construction work.

Adjusted for acquired and divested businesses as well as currency rate effects, the increase in order bookings amounted to 20 percent and order backlog rose by 25 percent.

Growth factors – Change, Jan-Sep 2000 compared to Jan-Sep 1999

	Order	Order	Net sales
	bookings	backlog	
Organic growth	20%	25%	15%
Acquisitions	10%	22%	6%
Currency rate effects	3%	15%	3%
Total	33%	62%	24%

NET SALES AND EARNINGS

Net sales rose by 24 percent to SEK 70,459 M (56,839). For comparable units in Skanska's core business – construction-related services and project development – the increase was 25 percent.

Skanska Group, operating inco	me			
	Jan - Sep	Jan - Sep	Oct 1999-	Jan -Dec
SEK M	2000	1999	Sep 2000	1999
Core business				
Operating income, gross	1,632	1,316	2,256	1,940
Gain on sale of properties	1,849	255	2,297	703
Share of income in associated compani	11	34	11	34
Operating income, core business	3,492	1,605	4,564	2,677
Non-core business				
Operating income, gross	97	201	215	319
Items affecting comparability/other	1,318	3,805	1,418	3,905
Operating income, non-core business	1,415	4,006	1,633	4,224
Total Group	4,907	5,611	6,197	6,901

As the above table shows, operating income in Skanska's core business rose by 118 percent to SEK 3,492 M (1,605). For comparable units, the increase was 109 percent. The rapid pace of project development and a positive earnings trend in Sweden and the United States were among the reasons.

Operating income, including items affecting comparability, totaled SEK 4,907 M (5,611). The decrease was due to a lower level of items affecting comparability, which totaled SEK 1,040 M (3,280). During January-September 1999, the divestment of Skanska's shares in the building material group Scancem affected this earnings item. The SEK 80 M change in "items affecting profitability" during the third quarter refers only to the amount disbursed by September 30 of Skanska's share of refunded surplus pension-related payments from the retirement insurance company SPP. Skanska's share of the SPP surplus totals about SEK 420 M. This represents an increase of SEK 100 M compared to the previously stated amount.

Income after financial items totaled SEK 6,449 M (5,622). Tax expenses are based on a full-year forecast and result in a tax burden on 29 (38) percent. Net profit amounted to SEK 4,542 M (3,418).

TWELVE MONTH ROLLING EARNINGS

Net profit per share rose by 28 percent and totaled SEK 48.00 (37.60).

Return on capital employed amounted to 30.1 (31.5) percent. Adjusted for items affecting comparability and gains on the sale of shares, return on capital employed totaled 20.1 (17.3) percent.

Return on shareholders' equity amounted to 32.4 (28.6) percent.

INVESTMENTS AND DIVESTMENTS

The Group's net divestments totaled SEK 1,422 M (3,950). Acquisitions of companies explain most of the increase in investments. An accelerated pace of property and project sell-offs meanwhile led to a higher level of divestments. For a more detailed description of investments and divestments, see the table below.

Investments		
	Jan -	- Sep
SEK M	2000	1999
Investments		
Properties in real estate operations	-1,634	-1,957
Current-asset properties	-2,901	-2,321
Acquisitions of subsidiaries	-4,644	-1,318
Other fixed assets	-2,447	-1,091
	-11,626	-6,687
Divestments		
Properties in real estate operations	3,813	691
Current-asset properties	2,546	1,521
Businesses and shares	6,487	8,300
Other divestments	202	125
	13,048	10,637
Net divestments	1,422	3,950

The Group's investments in projects developed for its own account are continuing to increase. During the report period, gross investments in project development totaled SEK 4,535 M (4,278).

Divestments of projects and fully developed properties are also increasing. During the report period, projects worth SEK 6,359 M (2,212) were sold at a capital gain totaling SEK 2,166 M (468).

Acquisitions of companies

During the third quarter, Skanska acquired a privately owned company in the United States, Barclay White, at a purchase price of SEK 121 M. Subtracting acquired net liquid assets, the total investment amounted to SEK 75 M. The company is active in project management and is based in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania on the Eastern Seaboard of the U.S. In 1999, the company reported sales of SEK 2,637 M and an operating income of SEK 46 M.

Skanska's total investment related to the acquisitions of companies it carried out during the first nine months amounted to SEK 4,644 M. This amounted was calculated as sales price minus net interest-bearing liquid assets in the acquired companies. Major acquisitions included the construction companies Exbud in Poland, Selmer in Norway and IPS in the Czech Republic.

Skanska has increased its shareholding in the Czech company IPS to 85 percent. The public tender was completed on October 27. This brought Skanska's total investment in IPS to SEK 593 M.

CASH FLOW AND FINANCIAL POSITION

The Group's cash flow for the period was SEK -1,797 (3,092). The acquisitions of companies carried out during the first nine months of this year and the proceeds of the sale of Scancem shares last year explain the decrease.

Liquid assets and interest-bearing receivables decreased by SEK 907 M to SEK 6,868 M (7,775), compared to year-end 1999. Interest-bearing liabilities rose by SEK 3,654 M to SEK 12,044 M (8,390). This represented an overall increase in net interest-bearing liabilities of SEK 4,561 M to SEK 5,176 M (615).

Jan -	Sep
2000	1999
220	1,184
-512	-413
-292	771
1,422	3,950
-1,583	262
-623	303
-758	-724
-1,542	3,791
37	-1,470
-1,797	3,092
	220 -512 -292 1,422 -1,583 -623 -758 -1,542

During the report period, the divestment agreement for the component company Nybron was settled. Title to the properties sold to the AMF insurance company will be transferred during the fourth quarter and will decrease Skanska's net interest-bearing liabilities. The settlement of this transaction plus the divestment proceeds of the shares in JM and Norrporten will reduce net interest-bearing liabilities by SEK 3.5 billion, all else being equal.

The visible equity/assets ratio amounted to 28.4 percent, compared to 32.5 percent at year-end 1999. The debt/equity ratio amounted to 0.3, compared to 0.0 at year-end 1999.

Buy-backs of Skanska's own shares

On September 30, Skanska had repurchased 4.8 million of its own shares at a total price of SEK 1,600 M. The average price of the repurchased shares was SEK 333 or 16 percent lower than the October 31 closing price of SEK 396 per share. The weighted number of shares outstanding amounted to 112,602,322 for the report period. At the close of this period, there were 109,054,968 shares outstanding.

SKANSKA SHARE DATA

The market price of a Skanska share was SEK 331 at the end of the report period. This represented an increase of 4 percent since year-end 1999. The Stockholm Stock Exchange index was unchanged (0 percent) during the same period. During the period, the highest quotation for a Skanska share was SEK 351 and the lowest was SEK 279. On October 31, the final price paid for a share was SEK 396, which represented an increase of 25 percent since year-end 1999, compared with a decrease of 3 percent in the Stockholm Stock Exchange index. During the same period, the Dow Jones Heavy Construction Industry Group Index fell by 7 percent.

PERSONNEL

The number of employees in the Group was 53,941 (45,215), measured as the average number of employees during the report period. The increase was primarily due to the acquisitions of companies that the Group had completed. After the completion of acquisitions, the number of employees on a full-year basis will total about 80,000, including the acquisition of Kvaerner Construction (this acquisition is described in greater detail under "Events after the close of the report period").

COMMENTS BY BUSINESS AREA

Skanska USA

Order bookings at Skanska USA totaled SEK 39,061 M (32,622), which represented an increase of 20 percent. Both building construction and civil construction increased. Order backlog on September 30, 2000 totaled SEK 86,476 M (56,186), an increase of 54 percent compared to the same date in 1999.

Net sales continued to rise rapidly, amounting to SEK 32,799 M (26,014), an increase of 26 percent. The acquisition of Barclay White affected the accounts from July 1. During the report period, contracts received by the business area included construction of new headquarters for the American company RCN, worth about SEK 920 M, and the construction portion, worth about SEK 1,700 M, of the BOT (privately financed) project for a toll highway through Santiago, Chile.

Operating income rose to SEK 715 M (593). Operating margin amounted to 2.2 (2.3) percent. On a rolling twelve month basis, operating margin was 2.3 (2.4) percent. Operating income included realized project development gains of SEK 43 M (33). The situation at the Argentine-based subsidiary SADE stabilized during the report period.

After the close of the report period, the business area received additional contracts, for example renovation of the Manhattan Bridge in New York City, worth about SEK 1.7 billion. Baugh Enterprises, which was acquired during the fourth quarter, is being consolidated in the Group's accounts from November 1 (further information is provided under "Events after the close of the report period"). Order bookings are expected to remain satisfactory during the fourth quarter.

Skanska Sweden

Order bookings rose by 28 percent to SEK 22,236 M (17,328). Building construction operations – that is, residential and commercial space – continued to show the most robust growth. Among the major contracts received during the report period was one for Ericsson's development center in Lund, worth SEK 240 M.

Order backlog amounted to SEK 19,280 M (15,264), an increase of 26 percent. Net sales rose by 6 percent to SEK 17,113 M (16,146). Sweden's three largest metropolitan regions show a substantially higher growth rate in construction investments than the national average. This is reflected in the strong figures of the Skanska Sweden business area, since its operations have focused on these regions for the past three years.

Operating income showed a major improvement. Operating income rose to SEK 679 M (502), and operating margin increased to 4.0 (3.1) percent. On a rolling twelve month basis, the corresponding figure was 3.7 (3.1) percent. Building construction operations were the reason for most of the improvement in profitability. Realized project development gains amounted to SEK 163 M (127).

Skanska Europe

Core business

The core business of the Skanska Europe business area, construction-related services and project development, was dominated by the consolidation of acquired businesses. The Czech company IPS and the Norwegian company Selmer were included in the accounts from July 1. Exbud, based in Poland, was included from May 1.

Order bookings rose by 110 percent to SEK 20,924 M (9,940). Underlying volume growth was good. Adjusted for acquired businesses, the increase was 39 percent.

Order backlog amounted to SEK 27,857 M (9,996), an increase of 179 percent, of which acquisitions accounted for 136 percentage points.

Net sales amounted to SEK 17,070 M (9,988), an increase of 71 percent, of which acquisitions accounted for 54 percentage points. Operating income decreased by 34 percent and amounted to SEK 125 M (188), of which SEK 115 M (55) consisted of realized project development gains.

The decrease in operating income was explained by the fact that Bygg Sjaelland in eastern Denmark – a division of Skanska Danmark A/S – showed additional losses in two projects. The total loss provisions also include the costs of settling the accounts of these projects in advance. A restructuring program was initiated in Denmark. The overall impact on earnings of these projects and the restructuring program amounted to SEK 152 M in the nine month income statement.

Finnish operations continued to develop favorably.

Non-core business

The divestment of the business area's component companies was announced in the Six Month Report. All approvals have been received for the divestment of Nybron (wooden flooring), and the transaction was completed. A number of approvals from regulatory authorities in Poland still remain in connection with the divestment of Poggenpohl (kitchens and bathrooms) and are expected to be issued shortly. Operating income amounted to SEK 411 M (201), of which capital gains on the divestment of shares in component companies accounted for SEK 314 M.

Skanska Project Development and Real Estate

The continued good market situation in Skanska's main project development and real estate markets enabled the business area to increase its project development volume. During the third quarter, 6 additional projects were started up. There are consequently 24 projects currently underway, 17 of them in Sweden. Their book value is expected to total SEK 5.4 billion upon completion. At the close of the report period, the book value of these projects was about SEK 2.5 billion.

The expansion in the number of project start-ups is occurring primarily in Stockholm, where 5 out of 6 new start-ups are located. These projects are the result of a deliberate focus on the Stockholm region. Today Stockholm is showing one of the strongest rental markets in Europe, with a very low average vacancy rate.

Current projects encompass leasable space of 353,000 sq. m (3.8 million sq. ft). At the end of the report period, about 51 percent of the space in these projects had been preleased. Lease negotiations are currently underway for a large proportion of the remaining space. The expected yield on the book value of current projects is nearly 12 percent fully leased. Taking into account the existing return requirements in each respective real estate market, this indicates substantial surplus value in the business area's current projects. So far during this year, recently developed projects have been sold at capital gains equivalent to about 40 percent of the investment.

During the report period, the Project Development and Real Estate business area showed an operating income of SEK 2,243 M (782), including SEK 1,822 M (366) in capital gains on the sale of properties. The business area's goal is a continued high turnover rate in its property portfolio.

Skanska Services

Skanska Services was established during March 2000 after the acquisition of the Real Estate and Services (REM) unit of Ericsson, the telecommunications group. The

business area is responsible for the Skanska Group's Facilities Management unit as well as the service companies Skanska Teknik and Skanska IT Solutions.

Skanska Services reported net sales of SEK 1,215 M and an operating income of SEK 44 M, resulting in an operating margin of 3.6 percent.

Ericsson's Swedish operations are the dominant client, but Skanska Services is actively seeking new assignments. For example, the business area has written a letter of intent with Ericsson conerning a number of new assignments in Great Britain.

After the close of the report period, the remaining shares in REM Serco were acquired, increasing Skanska's stake in these operations from 50 percent to 100 percent. The profitability and business volume of Skanska Services is expected to continue increasing on a full-year basis.

EVENTS AFTER THE CLOSE OF THE REPORT PERIOD

Acquisition of Kvaerner Construction and 50 percent of Gammon completed

The acquisition of British-based Kvaerner Construction and 50 percent of Hong Kong-based Gammon Construction (China) Limited – which are both part of the Norwegian-based Kvaerner Group – was completed after confirmatory due diligence. In 1999, Kvaerner Construction had net sales of SEK 13,187 M and operating income of SEK 249 M. This operating income included SEK 101 M representing Kvaerner's share of Gammon's earnings before tax and depreciation of goodwill. The forecast for the combined operations (Kvaerner Construction and its share of Gammon's earnings) during 2000 is an operating income exceeding SEK 350 M before depreciation of goodwill. The net purchase price was about SEK 2.4 billion, excluding liquid assets. On the acquisition date, Kvaerner Construction had net liquid assets of about SEK 1,000 M. Guarantees for previously completed projects will remain with the seller. Kvaerner Construction will be consolidated in Skanska's accounts from November 1.

Skanska to acquire Baugh Enterprises

Skanska is acquiring the project management company Baugh Enterprises, based in Seattle, Washington, at a purchase price of SEK 580 M, thereby strengthening its presence in the northwestern U.S. After subtracting net liquid assets acquired, the investment totaled SEK 186 M. In 1999, Baugh reported sales of SEK 4,947 M and operating income of SEK 133 M. The company has clients in the medical and educational sectors as well as in the electronics and aerospace industries.

Skanska shareholding in JM sold

Skanska divested its holding in the Stockholm-based construction and real estate company JM as part of its strategy of becoming a leading global company with operations in construction-related services and project development. The sale price was SEK 210 per JM share, or a total of SEK 1,850 M, representing a capital gain of SEK 890 M. Skanska's earnings for the first nine months included SEK 174 M for its share of JM's after-tax income. The capital gain of SEK 890 M will be reported among "items affecting comparability" in the fourth quarter. The total impact of JM on Skanska's full-year 2000 earnings will thus amount to SEK 1,064 M.

Skanska accepts public tender for shares in Norrporten

Skanska is accepting the public tender for shares in the Swedish commercial real estate company Norrporten. Settlement will occur in November and is equivalent to a sale amount of SEK 296 M and a capital gain of SEK 112 M.

OUTLOOK FOR 2000

This year's income, both in Skanska's core business and after financial items, will be significantly better than in 1999.

Stockholm, November 2, 2000

Claes Björk

President and CEO

This report has not been subjected to separate examination by the Company's auditors.

The Skanska Group's next financial report will preliminary be published on January 25, 2001 and will be a report covering the full year 2000.

SKANSKA GROUP			+	+	+		
			+	+ +			
INCOME STATEMENT SEK M		Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Oct 99 -	Jan-Dec
SERIV		2000	1999	2000	1999	Sep 00	1999
Net sales		28,638	19,595	70,459	56,839	92,748	79,128
Operating expenses		-28,013	-18,979	-68,730	-55,322	-90,277	-76,869
Operating income, gross 2		625	616	1,729	1,517	2,471	2,259
Gain on sale of properties		180	49	1,849	255	2,297	703
Writedowns/reversals of writedowns		0	0	0	0	-5	-5
Share of income in associated compani Items affecting comparability ³	es	166 80	74	1,040	559 3,280	387 1,047	657 3,287
					3,280	1,047	
Operating income		1,051	739	4,907	5,611	6,197	6,901
Dividends		0	0	41	282	41	282
Net interest items		-140	-63	-270	-247	-361	-338
Gain on sale of shares & participation	S	0	0	1,716	27	1,716	27
Other financial items		29 -111	-51	1,542	-51 11	96 1,492	-10 -39
Income after financial items		940	688	6,449	5,622	7,689	6,862
Taxes		-278	-266	-1,876	-2,136	-2,223	-2,483
Minority interests		-19	-35	-31	-68	-61	-98
Net profit for the period		643	387	4,542	3,418	5,405	4,281
CACH ELOW		T 1 G	116.	To a Cons	To a Con-	0.4.00	I. D.
CASH FLOW SEK M		Jul-Sep 2000	Jul-Sep 1999	Jan-Sep 2000	Jan-Sep 1999	Oct-99 Sep-00	Jan-Dec 1999
SEK W		2000	1777	2000	1777	Зер-оо	1777
Cash flow from continuous operations		579	571	-292	771	1,540	2,603
Cash flow from investment operations		-2,374	7,769	-1,542	3,791	-3,499	1,834
Cash flow from financial operations		1,975	-4,835	37	-1,470	-842	-2,349
Cash flow from the period		180	3,505	-1,797	3,092	-2,801	2,088
BALANCE SHEET SEK M							
ASSETS	Sep 30, 00	Dec 31, 99	SHAREH EO	UITY & LIABI	LITIES	Sep 30, 00	Dec 31, 99
Properties in real estate operations	9,806	10,236	Shareholders			17,954	16,391
Shares and participations	2,454	2,602	Minority inte		_	688	292
Other fixed assets	11,182	7,511		ng liabilities &	provisions	12,044	8,390
Interest-bearing receivables	2,908	2,192		bear liabilities	_	35,016	26,265
Non-interest bearing receivables	29,282	19,236					-
Current-asset properties	6,110		-	-			-
Bank balances & short-t investm.	3,960 65,702	5,583 51,338	+	_	+	65,702	51,338
	05,702	31,338				05,702	51,538
FINANCIAL RATIOS ETC. 4				Sep 30, 00	Sep 30, 99	Dec 31, 99	
Int-bearing net debt, SEK M			+ +	5,176	401	615	+
Net profit per share, SEK N			1	48.0	33.0	37.6	
Equity/asset ratio, %				28.4	31.1	32.5	
Debt/equity ratio				0.3	0.0	0.0	
Return on shareholders equity, % 5				32.4	26.3	28.6	-
Return on capital employed, %				30.1	29.9	31.5	-
Ditto, adjusted for items affecting com	parability		+	20.1	15 5	17.3	-
and sales of shares, % 5 Equity per share, SEK 0				20.1 164.6	15.5 135.8	17.3	
 Of which, depreciation Jan-Sep 2000: SE Of which, income from project developm 				17 M. Ion Son 16	000. SEK 212 M		
3) For Jan-Sep 2000, refers to gain on sale							
repayment of SPP surplus, SEK 80 M. For 1	999, refers to ga	in on sale of Scan	cem shares.				
	n ne tound in the	Annual Report fo	or 1999	1 1		1 1	
4) The definitions of the financial ratios ca5) The calculation is on a 12 month rolling		1					

R BACKLOG							
D D L GYTT O.G							
70,459	6,449	56,839	5,622	92,748	7,689	79,128	6,862
							4,384
2.062		5.022		4 6 4 9		(719	613
	1,757		309		1,757		30
es	726		3,280		733		3,28
95	314				314		
2,962	24	5,032	94	4,648	100	6,718	17
		-1,305 51,807	-465 1,414	-2,567 88,100	-148 4,414		2,478
1,034	2,003	964	612				1,15
1,215	41	0	0	1,215	41	0	
							88
							75:
15.110	*05		-1-	24.520	000	22.54	
	items		items		items		item
sales	financial	sales	financial	sales	financial	sales	financia
							Income afte
Jan - Sep 2000		Jan - Sep 199	9 Oc	t 1999 - Sen 2	000	1999	
R FINANCIAL	ITEMS						
	Jan - Sep 2000 Net sales 17,113 17,070 32,799 1,215 1,034 -1,734 67,497 2,962 es 2,962 70,459	sales financial items 17,113 687 17,070 -107 32,799 737 1,215 41 1,034 2,003 -1,734 -11 67,497 3,350 2,962 24 es 314 726 1,757 278 2,962 3,099 70,459 6,449	Jan - Sep 2000 Net Income after sales financial items 17,113 687 16,146 17,070 -107 9,988 32,799 737 26,014 1,215 41 0 1,034 2,003 964 -1,734 -11 -1,305 67,497 3,350 51,807 2,962 24 5,032 es 314 726 1,757 278 2,962 3,099 5,032 70,459 6,449 56,839	Jan - Sep 2000 Jan - Sep 1999 Oc Net	Jan - Sep 2000	Jan - Sep 2000 Jan - Sep 1999 Oct 1999 - Sep 2000 Net Income after sales financial sales	Jan - Sep 2000

Skanska USA	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Oct 1999-	Full year
SEK M	2000	1999	Sep-00	1999
Net sales				
Building construction	24,127	18,507	30,399	24,779
Civil construction	8,672	7,507	11,823	10,658
Total	32,799	26,014	42,222	35,437
Operating income				
Building construction	321	231	368	278
Civil construction	394	362	605	573
Total	715	593	973	851
Operating margin (%)				
Building construction	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
Civil construction	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.4
Total	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4
Return on capital emloyed (%)				
Building construction	28.9	40.9	28.9	34.6
Civil construction	35.3	44.1	35.3	48.9
Total	32.5	42.6	32.5	42.9
Order bookings				
Building construction	28,253	26,014	42,000	39,761
Civil construction	10,808	6,608	14,717	10,517
Total	39,061	32,622	56,717	50,278
Order backlog				
Building construction	64,828	40,795	64,828	50,072
Civil construction	21,648	15,391	21,648	17,052
Total	86,476	56,186	86,476	67,124
Skanska USA includes the Group's bu	ilding and civil construc	tion operations in	the United States	,
as well as the Argentine-based subsidi	ary SADE.			

Skanska Sweden	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Oct 1999-	Full year
SEK M	2000	1999	Sep-00	1999
Net sales				
Building construction	10,711	9,798	14,863	13,950
Civil construction	6,402	6,348	9,665	9,611
Total	17,113	16,146	24,528	23,561
Operating income				
Building construction	422	244	475	297
Civil construction	257	258	439	440
Total	679	502	914	737
Operating margin (%)				
Building construction	3.9	2.5	3.2	2.1
Civil construction	4.0	4.1	4.5	4.6
Total	4.0	3.1	3.7	3.1
Return on capital emloyed (%)				
Building construction	21.9	14.4	21.9	17.5
Civil construction	50.9	61.1	50.9	60.7
Total	30.3	29.6	30.3	30.2
Order bookings				
Building construction	14,096	9,960	18,548	14,412
Civil construction	8,140	7,368	9,790	9,018
Total	22,236	17,328	28,338	23,430
Order backlog				
Building construction	11,362	7,792	11,362	7,661
Civil construction	7,918	7,472	7,918	5,892
Total	19,280	15,264	19,280	13,553
Skanska Sweden includes Skanska's b	uilding and civil constru	ction operations i	n Sweden, the Gro	loup's
building-related industrial operations v				

related to civil construction.

Skanska Europe	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Oct 1999-	Full year
SEK M	2000	1999	Sep-00	1999
Core business				
Net sales	17,070	9,988	21,323	14,241
Operating income	125	188	292	355
Operating margin, %	0.7	1.9	1.4	2.5
Return on capital employed, %	5.8	14.5	5.8	15.6
Order bookings	20,924	9,940	27,528	16,544
Order backlog	27,857	9,996	27,857	12,412
Non-core business				
Net sales	2,962	5,032	4,648	6,718
Operating income	411	201	529	319
Operating margin, %	13.9	4.0	11.4	4.7
Return on capital employed, %	12.0	6.4	12.0	7.2
Order bookings	3,050	5,172	4,520	6,642
Order backlog	0	975	0	597
Core business in Skanska Europe inclu	•	_		
Europe (except Sweden), project devel	lopment and project	management in bu	ilding construction	n
outside Sweden.				

Skanska Project Development and	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Oct 1999-	Full year
Real Estate, SEK M	2000	1999	Sep-00	1999
Net income (rental revenues)	1,034	964	1,379	1,309
Operating income				
Property management	513	464	683	634
Other real estate business	-92	-48	-89	-45
Gain on sale of properties	1,822	366	2,259	803
Writedowns/reversals of writedowns	-		-2	-2
Operating income	2,243	782	2,851	1,390
Investment properties				
Rental revenues	951	884	1,251	1,184
Operating net	628	570	836	778
Book value	6,328	6,995	6,328	6,919
Yield on book value (%)			13.2	11.2
Occupancy rate (rent, %)	94	93		94

financed infrastructure projects (Build-Own/Operate-Transfer=BOT) projects.

Skanska Project Development and Real Estate includes development and management of the Group's real estate holdings, as well as development of new projects in the fields of real estate and privately